

Relion® 615 series

Generator and Interconnection Protection REG615 Product Guide

Generator and Interconnection Protection	1MRS758279 A
REG615	
Product version: 5.0 FP1	

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1. Description

REG615 is a dedicated generator and interconnection protection relay designed for the different power generation applications. REG615 is available in three standard configurations denoted A, C and D. Standard configuration A is intended for the interconnection protection, control, measurement and supervision of the common point of coupling distributed power generation into the utility network. Standard configurations C and D are designed for the protection, control, measurement and supervision of small or medium size generators used in diesel, gas, hydroelectric, combined heat and power (CHP), and steam power plants. REG615 is a member of ABB's Relion® product family and part of its 615 protection and control product series. The 615 series protection relays are characterized by their compactness and withdrawable unit design.

Re-engineered from the ground up, the 615 series has been designed to unleash the full potential of the IEC 61850 standard for communication and interoperability between substation automation devices. Once the standard configuration relay has been given the application-specific settings, it can directly be put into service.

The generator protection relay provides main protection for small size power generators. The generator protection relay is also used as back-up protection for medium size generators in power applications, where an independent and redundant protection system is required. The interconnection protection relay provides main protection fulfilling the grid codes to connect distributed generation with the power grid.

The 615 series relays support a range of communication protocols including IEC 61850 with Edition 2 support, process bus according to IEC 61850-9-2 LE, IEC 60870-5-103, Modbus[®] and DNP3. Profibus DPV1 communication protocol is supported by using the protocol converter SPA-ZC 302.

2. Standard configurations

REG615 is available in three alternative standard configurations. The standard signal configuration can be altered by means of the signal matrix or the graphical application functionality of the Protection and Control IED Manager PCM600. Further, the application configuration functionality of PCM600 supports the creation of multi-layer logic functions using various logical elements, including timers and flip-flops. By combining protection functions with logic function blocks, the relay configuration can be adapted to user-specific application requirements.

The protection relay is delivered from the factory with default connections described in the functional diagrams for binary inputs, binary outputs, function-to-function connections and alarm LEDs. Some of the supported functions in REG615 must be added with the Application Configuration tool to be available in the Signal Matrix tool and in the relay. The positive measuring direction of directional protection functions is towards the busbar.

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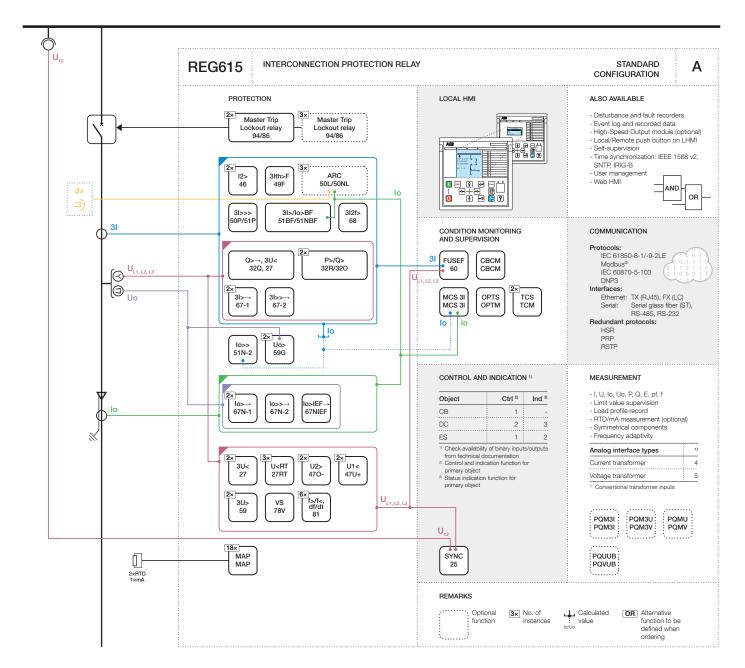


Figure 1. Functionality overview for standard configuration A

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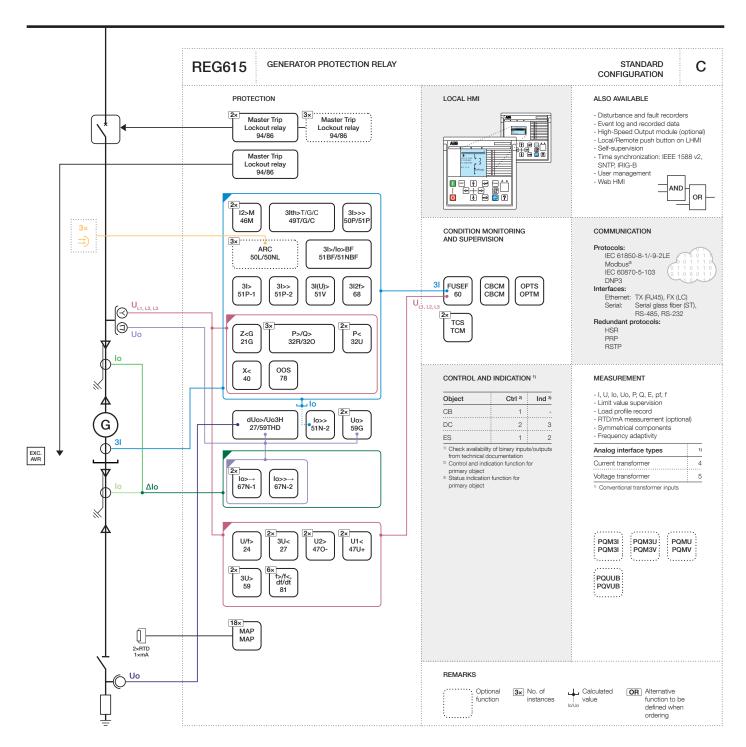


Figure 2. Functionality overview for standard configuration C

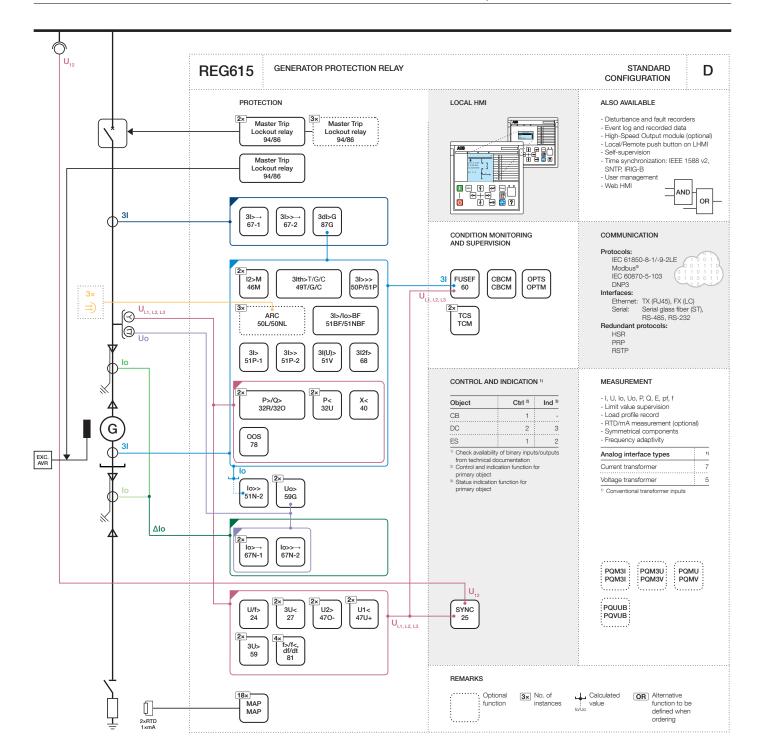


Figure 3. Functionality overview for standard configuration D

Table 1. Standard configurations

Description	
Interconnection protection for distributed power generation	
Generator protection with 100% stator earth-fault protection	
Generator protection with generator differential and directional overcurrent protection and synchro-check	

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Table 2. Supported functions

Function	IEC 61850	A	С	D
Protection				
Three-phase non-directional overcurrent protection, low stage	PHLPTOC		1	1
Three-phase non-directional overcurrent protection, high stage	PHHPTOC		1	1
Three-phase non-directional overcurrent protection, instantaneous stage	PHIPTOC	1	1	1
Three-phase directional overcurrent protection, low stage	DPHLPDOC	2		1 ^{TR}
Three-phase directional overcurrent protection, high stage	DPHHPDOC	1		1 ^{TR}
Three-phase voltage-dependent overcurrent protection	PHPVOC		1	1
Non-directional earth-fault protection, high stage	EFHPTOC	1	1	1
Directional earth-fault protection, low stage	DEFLPDEF	2	2	2
Directional earth-fault protection, high stage	DEFHPDEF	1	1	1
Transient/intermittent earth-fault protection	INTRPTEF	1 1)		
Negative-sequence overcurrent protection	NSPTOC	2		
Negative-sequence overcurrent protection for machines	MNSPTOC		2	2
Residual overvoltage protection	ROVPTOV	2	2	2
Three-phase undervoltage protection	PHPTUV	2	2	2
Three-phase overvoltage protection	PHPTOV	2	2	2
Positive-sequence undervoltage protection	PSPTUV	2	2	2
Negative-sequence overvoltage protection	NSPTOV	2	2	2
Frequency protection	FRPFRQ	6	6	4
Overexcitation protection	OEPVPH		1	1
Three-phase thermal protection for feeders, cables and distribution	T1PTTR	1	1	1
transformers	HIFTIK	1		
Three-phase thermal overload protection, two time constants	T2PTTR		1	1
Circuit breaker failure protection	CCBRBRF	1	1 ²⁾	1 ²⁾
Three-phase inrush detector	INRPHAR	1	1	1
Master trip	TRPPTRC	2	3	3
·		(3) 3)	(3) ³⁾	(3) ³⁾
Arc protection	ARCSARC	(3)	(3) ²⁾	(3) ²⁾
Multipurpose protection	MAPGAPC	18	18	18
Stabilized and instantaneous differential protection for machines	MPDIF			1
Third harmonic-based stator earth-fault protection	H3EFPSEF		1	
Underpower protection	DUPPDPR		2	2
Reverse power/directional overpower protection	DOPPDPR	2	3	2
Three-phase underexcitation protection	UEXPDIS		1	1
Three-phase underimpedance protection	UZPDIS		1	
Out-of-step protection	OOSRPSB		1	1
Interconnection functions				
Directional reactive power undervoltage protection	DQPTUV	1		
Low-voltage ride-through protection	LVRTPTUV	3		
Voltage vector shift protection	VVSPPAM	1		
Power quality				
Current total demand distortion	CMHAI	(1) ⁴⁾	(1) ⁴⁾	(1) ⁴⁾
Voltage total harmonic distortion	VMHAI	(1) ⁴⁾	(1) ⁴⁾	(1) ⁴⁾
Voltage variation	PHQVVR			
		(1) ⁴⁾	(1) ⁴⁾	(1) 4)
Voltage unbalance Control	VSQVUB	(1) ⁴⁾	(1) 4)	(1) ⁴⁾
Circuit-breaker control	CBXCBR			
		2	2	2
Disconnector control	DCXSWI	1	4	4
Earthing switch control	ESXSWI	1	1	1
Disconnector position indication	DCSXSWI	3	3	3
Earthing switch indication	ESSXSWI	2	2	2
Synchronism and energizing check	SECRSYN	1		1
Condition monitoring and supervision				
Circuit-breaker condition monitoring	SSCBR	1	1	1
Trip circuit supervision	TCSSCBR	2	2	2

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Table 2. Supported functions, continued

Function	IEC 61850	Α	С	D
Current circuit supervision	CCSPVC	1		
Fuse failure supervision	SEQSPVC	1	1	1
Runtime counter for machines and devices	MDSOPT	1	1	1
Measurement				
Disturbance recorder	RDRE	1	1	1
Load profile record	LDPRLRC	1	1	1
Fault record	FLTRFRC	1	1	1
Three-phase current measurement	CMMXU	1	1	2
Sequence current measurement	CSMSQI	1	1	1
Residual current measurement	RESCMMXU	1	1	1
Three-phase voltage measurement	VMMXU	2	1	2
Residual voltage measurement	RESVMMXU	1	2	1
Sequence voltage measurement	VSMSQI	1	1	1
Three-phase power and energy measurement	PEMMXU	1	1	1
RTD/mA measurement	XRGGIO130	(1)	(1)	(1)
Frequency measurement	FMMXU	1	1	1
EC 61850-9-2 LE sampled value sending ⁵⁾⁶⁾	SMVSENDER	(1)	(1)	(1)
EC 61850-9-2 LE sampled value receiving (voltage sharing) ⁵⁾⁶⁾	SMVRCV	(1)	(1)	(1)
Other		!		
Minimum pulse timer (2 pcs)	TPGAPC	4	4	4
Minimum pulse timer (2 pcs, second resolution)	TPSGAPC	1	1	1
Minimum pulse timer (2 pcs, minute resolution)	TPMGAPC	1	1	1
Pulse timer (8 pcs)	PTGAPC	2	2	2
Fime delay off (8 pcs)	TOFGAPC	4	4	4
Fime delay on (8 pcs)	TONGAPC	4	4	4
Set-reset (8 pcs)	SRGAPC	4	4	4
Move (8 pcs)	MVGAPC	2	2	2
Generic control point (16 pcs)	SPCGAPC	2	2	2
Analog value scaling (4 pcs)	SCA4GAPC	4	4	4
nteger value move (4 pcs)	MVI4GAPC	1	1	1

^{1, 2, ... =} Number of included instances. The instances of a protection function represent the number of identical protection function blocks available in the standard configuration.

^{() =} optional TR = The function block is to be used on the terminal side in the application.

[&]quot;lo measured" is always used.

[&]quot;lo calculated" is always used.

Master trip is included and connected to the corresponding HSO in the configuration only when the BIO0007 module is used. If additionally the ARC option is selected, ARCSARC is connected in the configuration to the corresponding master trip input.

Power quality option includes current total demand distortion, voltage total harmonic distortion, voltage variation and voltage unbalance.

Available only with IEC 61850-9-2

⁵⁾

Available only with COM0031...0037

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3. Protection functions

The generator protection relay offers protection functionality for synchronous generators and their prime mover against internal faults and abnormal conditions of external systems. The main feature in the standard configuration D is the differential protection. The main feature in the standard configuration C is the 3rd harmonic-based stator earth-fault protection completing the detection coverage with the other earth-fault protection provided. The generator protection relay also features reverse power and directional overpower protection against delivering excessive power beyond the generator's capacity and against the generator running like a motor. The underpower protection protects generators and prime movers against the effects of very low power outputs. A dedicated protection function detects any loss of synchronism (out-ofstep condition) between the generator and the rest of the power system. The generator relay also includes back-up overcurrent protection featuring voltage dependent overcurrent and, in the standard configuration D, directional overcurrent protection and, in the standard configuration C, underimpedance protection. Overexcitation protection (U/f) protects the generators against excessive flux density. Underexcitation (X<) protects the synchronous machine against the underexcitation or loss of excitation condition. Frequency and voltage based protection, thermal overload and unbalance protection are also included in both standard configurations C and D intended for generator protection.

The relay for the interconnection point of the power grid and distributed power generation is provided with the standard configuration A where the main features are low-voltage ride-through protection, directional reactive power undervoltage protection (QU) and the voltage vector shift protection. The main features of the interconnection relay can be used to support utility grid stability and to detect islanding. The protection allows the monitoring of distributed generation during low-voltage or fault ride through to determine whether

and when to disconnect from the grid. The voltage vector shift protection detects islanding from the grid by measuring continuously the duration of the voltage cycle and it can be further secured with the provided frequency and voltage based protection. Standard configuration A additionally offers directional overcurrent protection, directional earth-fault protection and reverse power and directional overpower protection.

The RTD/mA inputs are offered as an option for the default configuration. They can be used with Multipurpose protection function for tripping and alarm purposes. Multipurpose protection function uses RTD/mA measuring data or analog values via GOOSE messages.

Enhanced with optional hardware and software, the relay also features three light detection channels for arc fault protection of the circuit breaker, busbar and cable compartment of metalenclosed indoor switchgear.

The arc-fault protection sensor interface is available on the optional communication module. Fast tripping increases staff safety and security and limits material damage in an arc fault situation. A binary input and output module can be selected as an option - having three high speed binary outputs (HSO) it further decreases the total operate time with typically 4...6 ms compared to the normal power outputs.

4. Application

Standard configuration A is intended to be used in the common point of coupling distributed power generation into the utility network. It ensures the grid stability and reliability according to given grid codes and by determining whether and when to disconnect according to defined settings. A typical application example of the distributed power generation is a wind power plant or a solar power plant but it can also be a combined heat and power or hydroelectric power plant.

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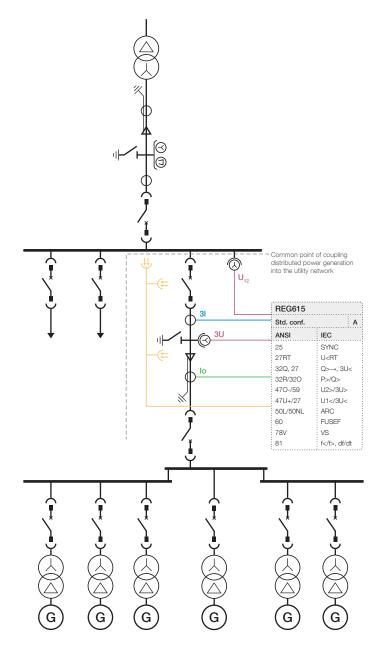


Figure 4. Application example of wind power plant as distributed power generation coupled into the utility network

Standard configuration A is not designed for using all the available functionality content in one relay at the same time. Directional earth-fault protection functions must be added with

the Application Configuration tool. In order to ensure the performance of the relay, the user specific configuration load is verified with the Application Configuration tool in PCM600.

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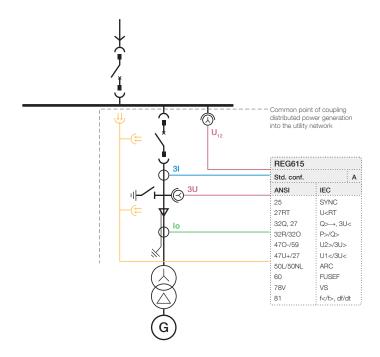


Figure 5. Application example of combined heat and power/hydro power plant as distributed power generation coupled into the utility network

Standard configurations C and D are intended to be used in synchronous power generator application where the protection coverage is a generator, field excitation system and primary mover. A typical application example is parallel connected diesel or gas generators with a common step-up transformer but it can also be a generator in block connection with a transformer. In medium-size power generator applications

independent and redundant protection system can be a requirement or the protection system as a whole may require more than one protection relay in one set-up. Various recognized earthing principles exist and typically earthing selection depends on the complete system requirements where the generator is located. The earth-fault protection depends mainly on the used earthing principle.

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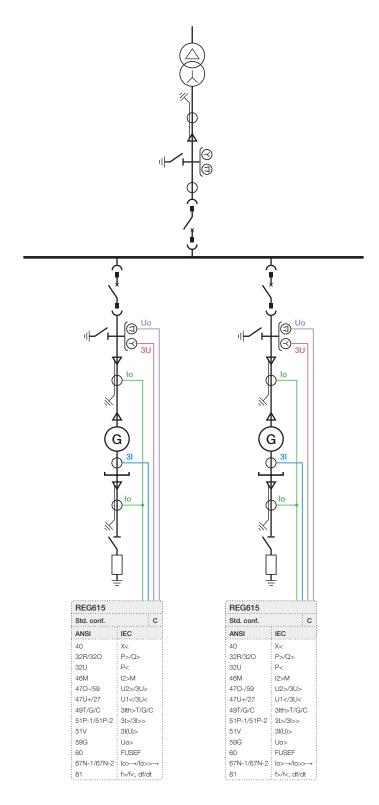


Figure 6. Application example for parallel with common step-up transformer connected Diesel/Gas generators protected with standard configuration C

<u>Figure 6</u> illustrates several generator units connected in parallel. Each unit is individually high resistance earthed. Earth-fault current is small, typically 3...5 A.

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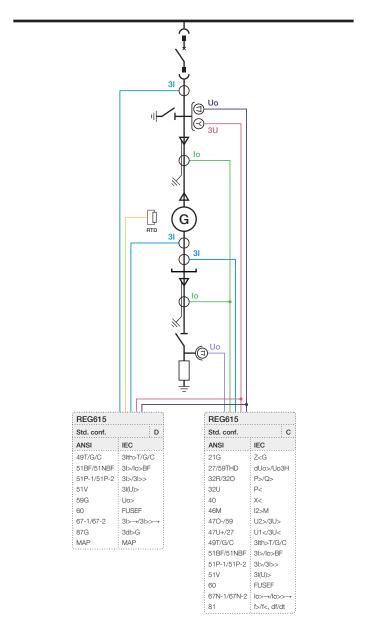


Figure 7. Medium-sized generator protection application example with standard configuration C and D

In <u>Figure 7</u> protection is implemented with two REG615 generator protection relays. One REG615 takes care of the generator protection with 100% stator earth-fault protection and the other REG615 provides the generator differential protection.

Standard configuration D is not designed for using all the available functionality content in one relay at the same time.

Three-phase directional overcurrent protection, three-phase voltage protection, positive-sequence and negative-sequence voltage protection functions must be added with the Application Configuration tool. In order to ensure the performance of the relay, the user specific configuration load is verified with the Application Configuration tool in PCM600.

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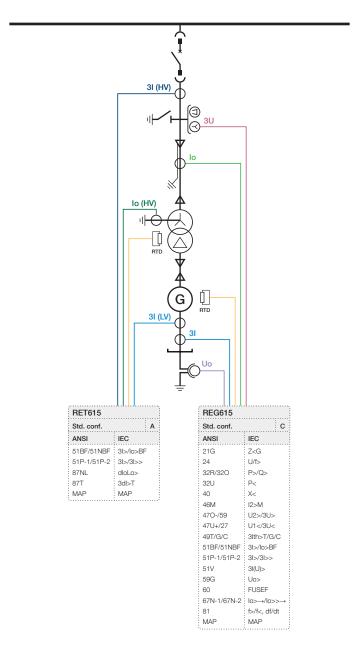


Figure 8. Medium-sized generator in block connection with a transformer protection application example with standard configuration C and RET615

In <u>Figure 8</u> generator protection is implemented with REG615 generator protection relay. Transformer protection is implemented with the RET615 transformer differential protection relay covering the generator in block connection with

a transformer. A single-phase voltage transformer is connected to the generator neutral for the residual overvoltage protection. On the terminal side phase-to-earth voltages are connected to the generator protection relay.

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5. Supported ABB solutions

The 615 series protection relays together with the Substation Management Unit COM600S constitute a genuine IEC 61850 solution for reliable power distribution in utility and industrial power systems. To facilitate the system engineering, ABB's relays are supplied with connectivity packages. The connectivity packages include a compilation of software and relay-specific information, including single-line diagram templates and a full relay data model. The data model includes event and parameter lists. With the connectivity packages, the relays can be readily configured using PCM600 and integrated with COM600S or the network control and management system MicroSCADA Pro.

The 615 series relays offer native support for IEC 61850 Edition 2 also including binary and analog horizontal GOOSE messaging. In addition, process bus with the sending of sampled values of analog currents and voltages and the receiving of sampled values of voltages is supported. Compared to traditional hard-wired, inter-device signaling, peer-to-peer communication over a switched Ethernet LAN offers an advanced and versatile platform for power system protection. Among the distinctive features of the protection system approach, enabled by the full implementation of the IEC 61850 substation automation standard, are fast communication capability, continuous supervision of the protection and communication system's integrity, and an inherent flexibility regarding reconfiguration and upgrades. This protection relay series is able to optimally utilize interoperability provided by the IEC 61850 Edition 2 features.

At substation level, COM600S uses the data content of the bay-level devices to enhance substation level functionality.

COM600S features a Web browser-based HMI, which provides a customizable graphical display for visualizing single-line mimic diagrams for switchgear bay solutions. The SLD feature is especially useful when 615 series relays without the optional single-line diagram feature are used. The Web HMI of COM600S also provides an overview of the whole substation, including relay-specific single-line diagrams, which makes information easily accessible. Substation devices and processes can also be remotely accessed through the Web HMI, which improves personnel safety.

In addition, COM600S can be used as a local data warehouse for the substation's technical documentation and for the network data collected by the devices. The collected network data facilitates extensive reporting and analyzing of network fault situations by using the data historian and event handling features of COM600S. The historical data can be used for accurate monitoring of process and equipment performance, using calculations based on both real-time and historical values. A better understanding of the process dynamics is achieved by combining time-based process measurements with production and maintenance events.

COM600S can also function as a gateway and provide seamless connectivity between the substation devices and network-level control and management systems, such as MicroSCADA Pro and System 800xA.

GOOSE Analyzer interface in COM600S enables the following and analyzing the horizontal IEC 61850 application during commissioning and operation at station level. It logs all GOOSE events during substation operation to enable improved system supervision.

Table 3. Supported ABB solutions

Product	Version
Substation Management Unit COM600S	4.0 SP1 or later
	4.1 or later (Edition 2)
MicroSCADA Pro SYS 600	9.3 FP2 or later
	9.4 or later (Edition 2)
System 800xA	5.1 or later

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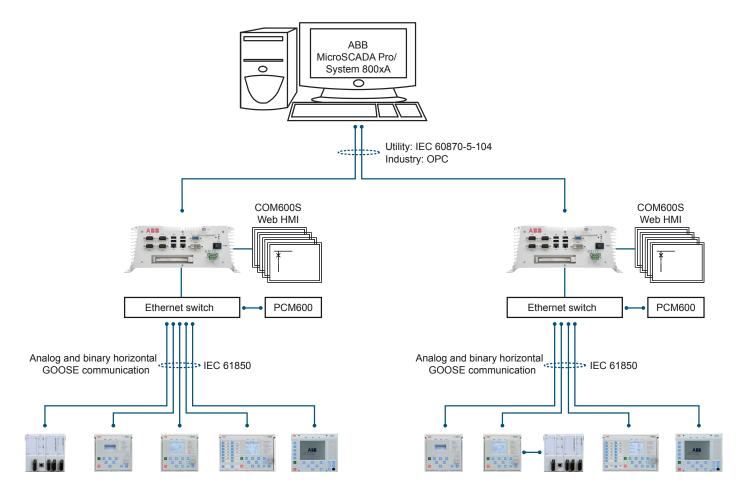


Figure 9. ABB power system example using Relion relays, COM600S and MicroSCADA Pro/System 800xA

6. Control

REG615 integrates functionality for the control of a circuit breaker via the front panel HMI or by means of remote controls. In addition to the circuit-breaker control the relay features two control blocks which are intended for motor-operated control of disconnectors or circuit breaker truck and for their position indications. Further, the relay offers one control block which is intended for motor-operated control of one earthing switch control and its position indication.

Two physical binary inputs and two physical binary outputs are needed in the relay for each controllable primary device taken into use. By default, the circuit breaker closing is not connected in the generator protection relay's standard configurations as the generator circuit breaker is typically closed by an external synchronizer. Depending on the chosen standard configuration of the relay the number of unused binary inputs and binary outputs varies. Further, some standard configurations also offer optional hardware modules that increase the number of available binary inputs and outputs.

If the amount of available binary inputs or outputs of the chosen standard configuration is not sufficient, the standard configuration can be modified to release some binary inputs or outputs which have originally been configured for other purposes, when applicable, or an external input or output module, for example, RIO600 can be integrated to the relay. The binary inputs and outputs of the external I/O module can be used for the less time critical binary signals of the application. The integration enables releasing of some initially reserved binary inputs and outputs of the relay in the standard configuration.

The suitability of the binary outputs of the relay which have been selected for controlling of primary devices should be carefully verified, for example the make and carry as well as the breaking capacity. In case the requirements for the control-circuit of the primary device are not met, the use of external auxiliary relays should to be considered.

The optional large graphical LCD of the relay's local HMI includes a single-line diagram (SLD) with position indication for

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the relevant primary devices. Interlocking schemes required by the application are configured using the signal matrix or the application configuration functionality of PCM600. Depending on the standard configuration, the relay also incorporates a synchrocheck function to ensure that the voltage, phase angle and frequency on either side of an open circuit breaker satisfy the conditions for safe interconnection of two networks.

7. Measurements

The relay continuously measures the phase currents and voltages, the symmetrical components of the currents and voltages and the residual current and voltage. The relay also calculates the demand value of the current over a user-selectable, preset time frame, the thermal overload of the protected object, and the phase unbalance based on the ratio between the negative-sequence and positive-sequence current. Furthermore, the relay offers three-phase power and energy measurement including power factor.

The generator and interconnection relay is provided with frequency adaptability support that can be enabled with a setting parameter. Frequency adaptability enables protection and measurement operation over a wide frequency range of $0.2...1.4 \times \text{Fn}$ by using three phase-voltage inputs to track the network frequency.

The measured values can be accessed via the local HMI or remotely via the communication interface of the relay. The values can also be accessed locally or remotely using the Web HMI.

The relay is provided with a load profile recorder. The load profile feature stores the historical load data captured at a periodical time interval (demand interval). The records are in COMTRADE format.

8. Power quality

In the EN standards, power quality is defined through the characteristics of the supply voltage. Transients, short-duration and long-duration voltage variations and unbalance and waveform distortions are the key characteristics describing power quality. The distortion monitoring functions are used for monitoring the current total demand distortion and the voltage total harmonic distortion.

Power quality monitoring is an essential service that utilities can provide for their industrial and key customers. A monitoring system can provide information about system disturbances and their possible causes. It can also detect problem conditions throughout the system before they cause customer complaints, equipment malfunctions and even equipment damage or failure. Power quality problems are not limited to the utility side of the system. In fact, the majority of power quality problems are localized within customer facilities. Thus, power quality monitoring is not only an effective customer service strategy but also a way to protect a utility's reputation for quality power and service.

The protection relay has the following power quality monitoring functions.

- Voltage variation
- Voltage unbalance
- · Current harmonics
- Voltage harmonics

The voltage unbalance and voltage variation functions are used for measuring short-duration voltage variations and monitoring voltage unbalance conditions in power transmission and distribution networks.

The voltage and current harmonics functions provide a method for monitoring the power quality by means of the current waveform distortion and voltage waveform distortion. The functions provides a short-term three-second average and a long-term demand for total demand distortion TDD and total harmonic distortion THD.

9. Disturbance recorder

The relay is provided with a disturbance recorder featuring up to 12 analog and 64 binary signal channels. The analog channels can be set to record either the waveform or the trend of the currents and voltages measured.

The analog channels can be set to trigger the recording function when the measured value falls below or exceeds the set values. The binary signal channels can be set to start a recording either on the rising or the falling edge of the binary signal or on both.

By default, the binary channels are set to record external or internal relay signals, for example, the start or trip signals of the relay stages, or external blocking or control signals. Binary relay signals, such as protection start and trip signals, or an external relay control signal via a binary input, can be set to trigger the recording. Recorded information is stored in a non-volatile memory and can be uploaded for subsequent fault analysis.

10. Event log

To collect sequence-of-events information, the relay has a non-volatile memory capable of storing 1024 events with the associated time stamps. The non-volatile memory retains its data even if the relay temporarily loses its auxiliary supply. The event log facilitates detailed pre- and post-fault analyses of feeder faults and disturbances. The considerable capacity to process and store data and events in the relay facilitates meeting the growing information demand of future network configurations.

The sequence-of-events information can be accessed either via local HMI or remotely via the communication interface of the relay. The information can also be accessed locally or remotely using the Web HMI.

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11. Recorded data

The relay has the capacity to store the records of the 128 latest fault events. The records can be used to analyze the power system events. Each record includes, for example, current, voltage and angle values and a time stamp. The fault recording can be triggered by the start or the trip signal of a protection

block, or by both. The available measurement modes include DFT, RMS and peak-to-peak. Fault records store relay measurement values at the moment when any protection function starts. In addition, the maximum demand current with time stamp is separately recorded. The records are stored in the non-volatile memory.

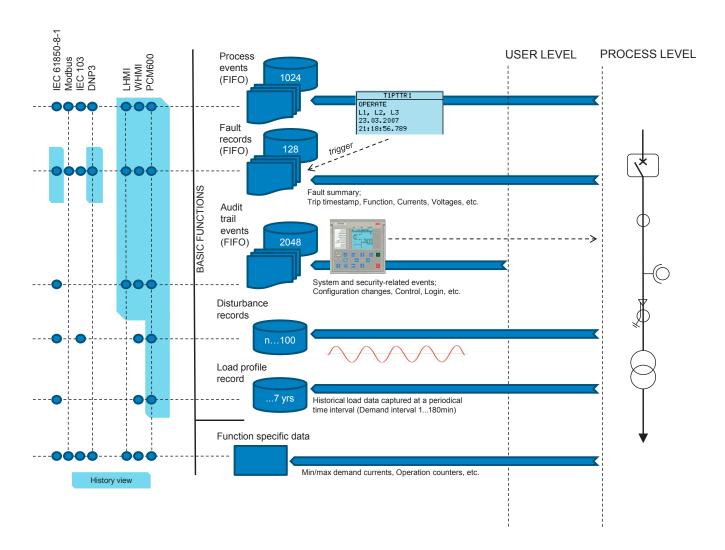


Figure 10. Recording and event capabilities overview

12. Condition monitoring

The condition monitoring functions of the relay constantly monitor the performance and the condition of the circuit breaker. The monitoring comprises the spring charging time, SF6 gas pressure, the travel time and the inactivity time of the circuit breaker.

The monitoring functions provide operational circuit breaker history data, which can be used for scheduling preventive circuit breaker maintenance. In addition, the relay includes a runtime counter for monitoring of how many hours a protected device has been in operation thus enabling scheduling of time-based preventive maintenance of the device.

13. Trip-circuit supervision

The trip-circuit supervision continuously monitors the availability and operability of the trip circuit. It provides open-circuit monitoring both when the circuit breaker is in its closed and in its open position. It also detects loss of circuit-breaker control voltage.

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14. Self-supervision

The relay's built-in self-supervision system continuously monitors the state of the relay hardware and the operation of the relay software. Any fault or malfunction detected is used for alerting the operator.

A permanent relay fault blocks the protection functions to prevent incorrect operation.

15. Fuse failure supervision

The fuse failure supervision detects failures between the voltage measurement circuit and the relay. The failures are detected either by the negative sequence-based algorithm or by the delta voltage and delta current algorithm. Upon the detection of a failure, the fuse failure supervision function activates an alarm and blocks voltage-dependent protection functions from unintended operation.

16. Access control

To protect the relay from unauthorized access and to maintain information integrity, the relay is provided with a four-level, role-based authentication system with administrator-programmable individual passwords for the viewer, operator, engineer and administrator levels. The access control applies to the local HMI, the Web HMI and PCM600.

17. Inputs and outputs

Depending on the standard configuration selected, the relay is equipped either with three or six phase-current inputs and one

residual current input, three phase-voltage inputs and one residual voltage input, and one voltage input that is used either for synchro-check or for the 3rd harmonic-based stator earthfault protection depending on the standard configuration.

The phase-current inputs are rated 1/5 A. Two optional residual-current inputs are available, that is, 1/5 A or 0.2/1 A. The 0.2/1 A input is normally used in applications requiring sensitive earth-fault protection and featuring core-balance current transformers. The three phase-voltage inputs and the residual-voltage input covers the rated voltages 60...210 V. Both phase-to-phase voltages and phase-to-earth voltages can be connected.

The phase-current input 1 A or 5 A, the residual-current input 1 A or 5 A, alternatively 0.2 A or 1 A, and the rated voltage of the residual voltage input are selected in the relay software. In addition, the binary input thresholds 16...176 V DC are selected by adjusting the relay's parameter settings.

All binary inputs and outputs contacts are freely configurable with the signal matrix or application configuration functionality of PCM600.

See the Input/output overview table and the terminal diagrams for more information about the inputs and outputs.

Optionally, a binary input and output module can be selected. It has three high speed binary outputs (HSO) and it decreases the total operate time with typically 4...6 ms compared to the normal power outputs.

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Table 4. Input/output overview

Std. conf.	Order code digit		Analog c	Analog channels		Binary channels		
	5-6	7-8	СТ	VT	ВІ	ВО	RTD	mA
		AG	4	5	16	4 PO + 6 SO	-	-
	AE / AF	FC	4	5	16	4 PO + 2 SO + 3 HSO	-	-
A		AD	4	5	12	4 PO + 6 SO	2	1
	FE/FF	FE	4	5	12	4 PO + 2 SO + 3 HSO	2	1
•••••	AE / AF	AG	4	5	16	4 PO + 6 SO	-	-
		FC	4	5	16	4 PO + 2 SO + 3 HSO	-	-
С	FE/FF	AD	4	5	12	4 PO + 6 SO	2	1
		FE	4	5	12	4 PO + 2 SO + 3 HSO	2	1
•••••	BC / BD	AD	7	5	12	4 PO + 6 SO	-	-
D		FE	7	5	12	4 PO + 2 SO + 3 HSO	-	-
		BA	7	5	8	4 PO + 6 SO	2	1
	BE / BF	FD	7	5	8	4 PO + 2 SO + 3 HSO	2	1

18. Station communication

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The relay supports a range of communication protocols including IEC 61850 Edition 2, IEC 61850-9-2 LE, IEC 60870-5-103, Modbus® and DNP3. Profibus DPV1 communication protocol is supported with using the protocol converter SPA-ZC 302. Operational information and controls are available through these protocols. However, some communication functionality, for example, horizontal communication between the relays, is only enabled by the IEC 61850 communication protocol.

The IEC 61850 protocol is a core part of the relay as the protection and control application is fully based on standard modelling. The relay supports Edition 2 and Edition 1 versions of the standard. With Edition 2 support, the relay has the latest functionality modelling for substation applications and the best interoperability for modern substations. It incorporates also the full support of standard device mode functionality supporting different test applications. Control applications can utilize the new safe and advanced station control authority feature.

The IEC 61850 communication implementation supports monitoring and control functions. Additionally, parameter settings, disturbance recordings and fault records can be accessed using the IEC 61850 protocol. Disturbance recordings are available to any Ethernet-based application in the standard COMTRADE file format. The relay supports

simultaneous event reporting to five different clients on the station bus. The relay can exchange data with other devices using the IEC 61850 protocol.

The relay can send binary and analog signals to other devices using the IEC 61850-8-1 GOOSE (Generic Object Oriented Substation Event) profile. Binary GOOSE messaging can, for example, be employed for protection and interlocking-based protection schemes. The relay meets the GOOSE performance requirements for tripping applications in distribution substations, as defined by the IEC 61850 standard (<10 ms data exchange between the devices). The relay also supports the sending and receiving of analog values using GOOSE messaging. Analog GOOSE messaging enables easy transfer of analog measurement values over the station bus, thus facilitating for example the sending of measurement values between the relays when controlling parallel running transformers.

The relay also supports IEC 61850 process bus by sending sampled values of analog currents and voltages and by receiving sampled values of voltages. With this functionality the galvanic interpanel wiring can be replaced with Ethernet communication. The measured values are transferred as sampled values using IEC 61850-9-2 LE protocol. The intended application for sampled values shares the voltages to other 615 series relays, having voltage based functions and 9-2 support.

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615 relays with process bus based applications use IEEE 1588 for high accuracy time synchronization.

For redundant Ethernet communication, the relay offers either two optical or two galvanic Ethernet network interfaces. A third port with galvanic Ethernet network interface is also available. The third Ethernet interface provides connectivity for any other Ethernet device to an IEC 61850 station bus inside a switchgear bay, for example connection of a Remote I/O. Ethernet network redundancy can be achieved using the high-availability seamless redundancy (HSR) protocol or the parallel redundancy protocol (PRP) or a with self-healing ring using RSTP in managed switches. Ethernet redundancy can be applied to Ethernet-based IEC 61850, Modbus and DNP3 protocols.

The IEC 61850 standard specifies network redundancy which improves the system availability for the substation

communication. The network redundancy is based on two complementary protocols defined in the IEC 62439-3 standard: PRP and HSR protocols. Both the protocols are able to overcome a failure of a link or switch with a zero switch-over time. In both the protocols, each network node has two identical Ethernet ports dedicated for one network connection. The protocols rely on the duplication of all transmitted information and provide a zero switch-over time if the links or switches fail, thus fulfilling all the stringent real-time requirements of substation automation.

In PRP, each network node is attached to two independent networks operated in parallel. The networks are completely separated to ensure failure independence and can have different topologies. The networks operate in parallel, thus providing zero-time recovery and continuous checking of redundancy to avoid failures.

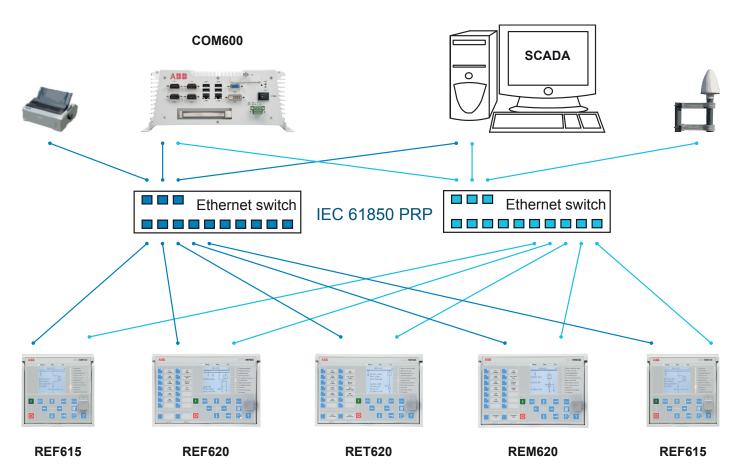


Figure 11. Parallel redundancy protocol (PRP) solution

HSR applies the PRP principle of parallel operation to a single ring. For each message sent, the node sends two frames, one through each port. Both the frames circulate in opposite directions over the ring. Every node forwards the frames it receives from one port to another to reach the next node. When the originating sender node receives the frame it sent, the

sender node discards the frame to avoid loops. The HSR ring with 615 series relays supports the connection of up to 30 relays. If more than 30 relays are to be connected, it is recommended to split the network into several rings to guarantee the performance for real-time applications.

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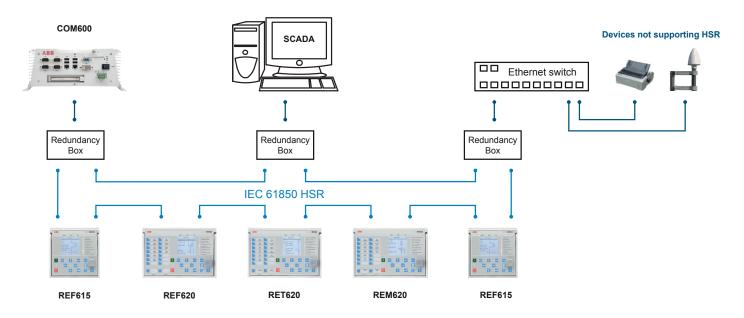
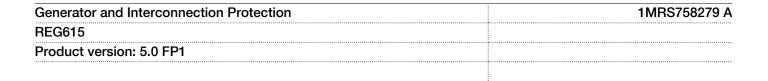


Figure 12. High availability seamless redundancy (HSR) solution

The choice between the HSR and PRP redundancy protocols depends on the required functionality, cost and complexity.

The self-healing Ethernet ring solution enables a cost-efficient communication ring controlled by a managed switch with standard Rapid Spanning Tree Protocol (RSTP) support. The managed switch controls the consistency of the loop, routes the data and corrects the data flow in case of a communication

switch-over. The relays in the ring topology act as unmanaged switches forwarding unrelated data traffic. The Ethernet ring solution supports the connection of up to 30 615 series relays. If more than 30 relays are to be connected, it is recommended to split the network into several rings. The self-healing Ethernet ring solution avoids single point of failure concerns and improves the reliability of the communication.



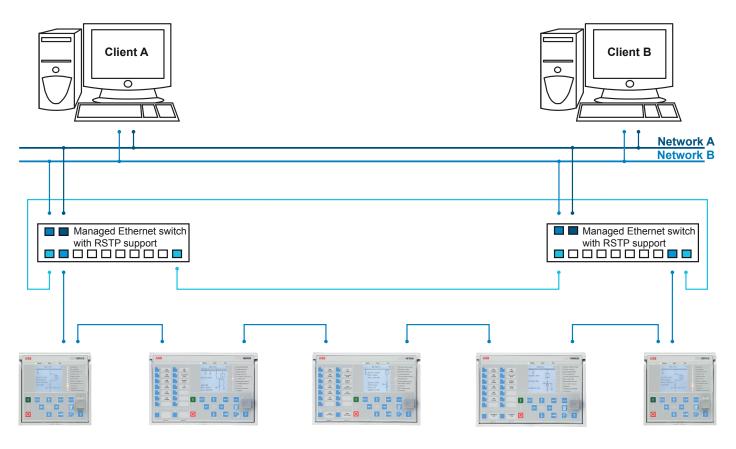


Figure 13. Self-healing Ethernet ring solution

All communication connectors, except for the front port connector, are placed on integrated optional communication modules. The relay can be connected to Ethernet-based communication systems via the RJ-45 connector (100Base-TX) or the fiber optic LC connector (100Base-FX). If connection to serial bus is required, the 9-pin RS-485 screw-terminal can be used. An optional serial interface is available for RS-232 communication.

Modbus implementation supports RTU, ASCII and TCP modes. Besides standard Modbus functionality, the relay supports retrieval of time-stamped events, changing the active setting group and uploading of the latest fault records. If a Modbus TCP connection is used, five clients can be connected to the relay simultaneously. Further, Modbus serial and Modbus TCP can be used in parallel, and if required both IEC 61850 and Modbus protocols can be run simultaneously.

The IEC 60870-5-103 implementation supports two parallel serial bus connections to two different masters. Besides basic standard functionality, the relay supports changing of the active setting group and uploading of disturbance recordings in IEC 60870-5-103 format. Further, IEC 60870-5-103 can be used at the same time with the IEC 61850 protocol.

DNP3 supports both serial and TCP modes for connection up to five masters. Changing of the active setting and reading fault

records are supported. DNP serial and DNP TCP can be used in parallel. If required, both IEC 61850 and DNP protocols can be run simultaneously.

615 series supports Profibus DPV1 with support of SPA-ZC 302 Profibus adapter. If Profibus is required the relay must be ordered with Modbus serial options. Modbus implementation includes SPA-protocol emulation functionality. This functionality enables connection to SPA-ZC 302.

When the relay uses the RS-485 bus for the serial communication, both two- and four wire connections are supported. Termination and pull-up/down resistors can be configured with jumpers on the communication card so external resistors are not needed.

The relay supports the following time synchronization methods with a time-stamping resolution of 1 ms.

Ethernet-based

• SNTP (Simple Network Time Protocol)

With special time synchronization wiring

 IRIG-B (Inter-Range Instrumentation Group - Time Code Format B)

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The relay supports the following high accuracy time synchronization method with a time-stamping resolution of 4 μs required especially in process bus applications.

• PTP (IEEE 1588) v2 with Power Profile

The IEEE 1588 support is included in all variants having a redundant Ethernet communication module.

IEEE 1588 v2 features

- Ordinary Clock with Best Master Clock algorithm
- One-step Transparent Clock for Ethernet ring topology
- 1588 v2 Power Profile
- Receive (slave): 1-step/2-step
- Transmit (master): 1-step

- Layer 2 mapping
- Peer to peer delay calculation
- Multicast operation

Required accuracy of grandmaster clock is \pm 1-1 μ s. The relay can work as a master clock per BMC algorithm if the external grandmaster clock is not available for short term.

The IEEE 1588 support is included in all variants having a redundant Ethernet communication module.

In addition, the relay supports time synchronization via Modbus, DNP3 and IEC 60870-5-103 serial communication protocols.

Table 5. Supported station communication interfaces and protocols

Interfaces/Protocols	Ethe	met	Serial		
	100BASE-TX RJ-45	100BASE-FX LC	RS-232/RS-485	Fiber optic ST	
IEC 61850-8-1	•	•	-	-	
IEC 61850-9-2 LE	•	•	-	-	
MODBUS RTU/ASCII	-	-	•	•	
MODBUS TCP/IP	•	•	-	-	
DNP3 (serial)	-	-	•	•	
DNP3 TCP/IP	•	•	-	-	
IEC 60870-5-103	-	-	•	•	

^{• =} Supported

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19. Technical data

Table 6. Dimensions

Description	Value	Value		
Width	Frame	177 mm		
	Case	164 mm		
Height	Frame	177 mm (4U)		
	Case	160 mm		
Depth		201 mm (153 + 48 mm)		
Weight	Complete protection relay	4.1 kg		
	Plug-in unit only	2.1 kg		

Table 7. Power supply

Description	Type 1	Type 2	
Nominal auxiliary voltage U _n	100, 110, 120, 220, 240 V AC, 50 and 60 Hz 24, 30, 48, 60 V DC 48, 60, 110, 125, 220, 250 V DC		
Maximum interruption time in the auxiliary DC voltage without resetting the relay	50 ms at U _n		
Auxiliary voltage variation	38110% of U _n (38264 V AC)	50120% of U _n (1272 V DC)	
	80120% of U _n (38.4300 V DC)		
Start-up threshold		19.2 V DC (24 V DC × 80%)	
Burden of auxiliary voltage supply under quiescent (Pq)/operating condition	DC <13.0 W (nominal)/<18.0 W (max.) AC <16.0 W (nominal)/<21.0 W (max.)	DC <13.0 W (nominal)/<18.0 W (max.)	
Ripple in the DC auxiliary voltage Max 15% of the DC value (at frequency of 100 Hz)		Hz)	
Fuse type	T4A/250 V		

Table 8. Energizing inputs

Description Rated frequency		Value 50/60 Hz			
					Current inputs
	Thermal withstand capability:				
	Continuously	4 A	20 A		
	• For 1 s	100 A	500 A		
	Dynamic current withstand:				
	Half-wave value	250 A	1250 A		
	Input impedance	<100 mΩ	<20 mΩ		
Voltage inputs	Rated voltage	60210 V AC			
	Voltage withstand:				
	Continuous	240 V AC			
	• For 10 s	360 V AC			
	Burden at rated voltage	<0.05 VA	<0.05 VA		

Ordering option for residual current input Residual current and/or phase current

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Table 9. Binary inputs

Description	Value
Operating range	±20% of the rated voltage
Rated voltage	24250 V DC
Current drain	1.61.9 mA
Power consumption	31.0570.0 mW
Threshold voltage	16176 V DC
Reaction time	<3 ms

Table 10. RTD/mA measurement (XRGGIO130)

Description		Value		
RTD inputs	Supported RTD sensors	100 Ω platinum 250 Ω platinum 100 Ω nickel 120 Ω nickel 250 Ω nickel 10 Ω copper	TCR 0.00385 (DIN 43760) TCR 0.00385 TCR 0.00618 (DIN 43760) TCR 0.00618 TCR 0.00618 TCR 0.00427	
	Supported resistance range	02 kΩ		
	Maximum lead resistance (threewire measurement)	25 Ω per lead		
	Isolation	2 kV (inputs to protective	earth)	
	Response time	<4 s		
	RTD/resistance sensing current	Maximum 0.33 mA rms		
	Operation accuracy	Resistance	Temperature	
		± 2.0% or ±1 Ω	±1°C 10 Ω copper: ±2°C	
mA inputs	Supported current range	020 mA		
	Current input impedance	$44 \Omega \pm 0.1\%$		
	Operation accuracy	±0.5% or ±0.01 mA		

Table 11. Signal output X100: SO1

Description	Value
Rated voltage	250 V AC/DC
Continuous contact carry	5 A
Make and carry for 3.0 s	15 A
Make and carry for 0.5 s	30 A
Breaking capacity when the control-circuit time constant L/R<40 ms	1 A/0.25 A/0.15 A
Minimum contact load	100 mA at 24 V AC/DC

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Table 12. Signal outputs and IRF output

Description	Value
Rated voltage	250 V AC/DC
Continuous contact carry	5 A
Make and carry for 3.0 s	10 A
Make and carry 0.5 s	15 A
Breaking capacity when the control-circuit time constant L/R<40 ms, at 48/110/220 V DC	1 A/0.25 A/0.15 A
Minimum contact load	10 mA at 5 V AC/DC

Table 13. Double-pole power output relays with TCS function

Description	Value
Rated voltage	250 V AC/DC
Continuous contact carry	8 A
Make and carry for 3.0 s	15 A
Make and carry for 0.5 s	30 A
Breaking capacity when the control-circuit time constant L/R<40 ms, at 48/110/220 V DC (two contacts connected in series)	5 A/3 A/1 A
Minimum contact load	100 mA at 24 V AC/DC
Trip-circuit supervision (TCS):	
Control voltage range	20250 V AC/DC
Current drain through the supervision circuit	~1.5 mA
Minimum voltage over the TCS contact	20 V AC/DC (1520 V)

Table 14. Single-pole power output relays

Description	Value
Rated voltage	250 V AC/DC
Continuous contact carry	8 A
Make and carry for 3.0 s	15 A
Make and carry for 0.5 s	30 A
Breaking capacity when the control-circuit time constant L/R<40 ms, at 48/110/220 V DC	
Minimum contact load	100 mA at 24 V AC/DC

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Table 15. High-speed output HSO with BIO0007

Description	Value
Rated voltage	250 V AC/DC
Continuous contact carry	6 A
Make and carry for 3.0 s	15 A
Make and carry for 0.5 s	30 A
Breaking capacity when the control-circuit time constant L/R <40 ms, at $48/110/220 \text{ V DC}$	5 A/3 A/1 A
Operate time	<1 ms
Reset	<20 ms, resistive load

Table 16. Front port Ethernet interfaces

Ethernet interface	Protocol	Cable	Data transfer rate
Front	TCP/IP protocol	Standard Ethernet CAT 5 cable with RJ-45 connector	10 MBits/s

Table 17. IRIG-B

Description	Value
IRIG time code format	B004, B005 ¹⁾
Isolation	500V 1 min
Modulation	Unmodulated
Logic level	5 V TTL
Current consumption	<4 mA
Power consumption	<20 mW

¹⁾ According to the 200-04 IRIG standard

Table 18. Degree of protection of flush-mounted protection relay

Description	Value
Front side	IP 54
Rear side, connection terminals	IP 20

Table 19. Environmental conditions

Description	Value
Operating temperature range	-25+55°C (continuous)
Short-time service temperature range	-40+85°C (<16h) ¹⁾²⁾
Relative humidity	<93%, non-condensing
Atmospheric pressure	86106 kPa
Altitude	Up to 2000 m
Transport and storage temperature range	-40+85°C

Degradation in MTBF and HMI performance outside the temperature range of -25...+55 $^{\circ}$ C For relays with an LC communication interface the maximum operating temperature is +70 $^{\circ}$ C

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Table 20. Electromagnetic compatibility tests

Description	Type test value	Reference	
1 MHz/100 kHz burst disturbance test		IEC 61000-4-18 IEC 60255-26, class III IEEE C37.90.1-2002	
Common mode	2.5 kV		
Differential mode	2.5 kV		
3 MHz, 10 MHz and 30 MHz burst disturbance test		IEC 61000-4-18 IEC 60255-26, class III	
Common mode	2.5 kV		
Electrostatic discharge test		IEC 61000-4-2 IEC 60255-26 IEEE C37.90.3-2001	
Contact discharge	8 kV		
Air discharge	15 kV		
Radio frequency interference test			
	10 V (rms) f = 150 kHz80 MHz	IEC 61000-4-6 IEC 60255-26, class III	
	10 V/m (rms) f = 802700 MHz	IEC 61000-4-3 IEC 60255-26, class III	
	10 V/m f = 900 MHz	ENV 50204 IEC 60255-26, class III	
	20 V/m (rms) f = 801000 MHz	IEEE C37.90.2-2004	
Fast transient disturbance test		IEC 61000-4-4 IEC 60255-26 IEEE C37.90.1-2002	
All ports	4 kV		
Surge immunity test		IEC 61000-4-5 IEC 60255-26	
Communication	1 kV, line-to-earth		
Other ports	4 kV, line-to-earth 2 kV, line-to-line		
Power frequency (50 Hz) magnetic field immunity test		IEC 61000-4-8	
Continuous13 s	300 A/m 1000 A/m		
Pulse magnetic field immunity test	1000 A/m 6.4/16 µs	IEC 61000-4-9	
Damped oscillatory magnetic field immunity test		IEC 61000-4-10	
• 2 s	100 A/m		
• 1 MHz	400 transients/s		
Voltage dips and short interruptions	30%/10 ms 60%/100 ms 60%/1000 ms >95%/5000 ms	IEC 61000-4-11	

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Table 20. Electromagnetic compatibility tests, continued

Description	Type test value	Reference
Power frequency immunity test	Binary inputs only	IEC 61000-4-16 IEC 60255-26, class A
Common mode	300 V rms	
Differential mode	150 V rms	
Conducted common mode disturbances	15 Hz150 kHz Test level 3 (10/1/10 V rms)	IEC 61000-4-16
Emission tests		EN 55011, class A IEC 60255-26 CISPR 11 CISPR 12
Conducted		
0.150.50 MHz	<79 dB (μV) quasi peak <66 dB (μV) average	
0.530 MHz	<73 dB (μV) quasi peak <60 dB (μV) average	
• Radiated		
30230 MHz	<40 dB (μV/m) quasi peak, measured at 10 m distance	
2301000 MHz	<47 dB (μV/m) quasi peak, measured at 10 m distance	
13 GHz	<76 dB (μV/m) peak <56 dB (μV/m) average, measured at 3 m distance	
36 GHz	<80 dB (μ V/m) peak <60 dB (μ V/m) average, measured at 3 m distance	

Table 21. Insulation tests

Description	Type test value	Reference
Dielectric tests	2 kV, 50 Hz, 1 min 500 V, 50 Hz, 1 min, communication	IEC 60255-27
Impulse voltage test	5 kV, 1.2/50 μs, 0.5 J 1 kV, 1.2/50 μs, 0.5 J, communication	IEC 60255-27
Insulation resistance measurements	>100 MΩ, 500 V DC	IEC 60255-27
Protective bonding resistance	<0.1 Ω, 4 A, 60 s	IEC 60255-27

Table 22. Mechanical tests

Description	Reference	Requirement
Vibration tests (sinusoidal)	IEC 60068-2-6 (test Fc) IEC 60255-21-1	Class 2
Shock and bump test	IEC 60068-2-27 (test Ea shock) IEC 60068-2-29 (test Eb bump) IEC 60255-21-2	Class 2
Seismic test	IEC 60255-21-3	Class 2

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Table 23. Environmental tests

Description	Type test value	Reference
Dry heat test	• 96 h at +55°C	IEC 60068-2-2
Dry cold test	 96 h at -25°C 16 h at -40°C 	IEC 60068-2-1
Damp heat test	 6 cycles (12 h + 12 h) at +25°C+55°C, humidity >93% 	IEC 60068-2-30
Change of temperature test	• 5 cycles (3 h + 3 h) at -25°C+55°C	IEC60068-2-14
Storage test	 96 h at -40°C 96 h at +85°C 	IEC 60068-2-1 IEC 60068-2-2

Table 24. Product safety

Description	Reference
LV directive	2006/95/EC
Standard	EN 60255-27 (2013) EN 60255-1 (2009)

Table 25. EMC compliance

Description	Reference
EMC directive	2004/108/EC
Standard	EN 60255-26 (2013)

Table 26. RoHS compliance

Description

Complies with RoHS directive 2002/95/EC

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Protection functions

Table 27. Three-phase non-directional overcurrent protection (PHxPTOC)

Characteristic		Value		
Operation accuracy		Depending on the frequency of the measured current: f _n ±2 Hz		
	PHLPTOC	±1.5% of the set value or ±0.002 × I _n		
	PHHPTOC and PHIPTOC	$\pm 1.5\%$ of set value or $\pm 0.002 \times I_n$ (at currents in the range of $0.110 \times I_n$) $\pm 5.0\%$ of the set value (at currents in the range of $1040 \times I_n$)		
Start time 1)2)		Minimum	Typical	Maximum
	PHIPTOC: I _{Fault} = 2 × set <i>Start value</i> I _{Fault} = 10 × set <i>Start value</i>	16 ms 11 ms	19 ms 12 ms	23 ms 14 ms
	PHHPTOC and PHLPTOC: I _{Fault} = 2 × set <i>Start value</i>	23 ms	26 ms	29 ms
Reset time		Typically 40 ms		
Reset ratio		Typically 0.96		
Retardation time		<30 ms		
Operate time accuracy in definite time mode		±1.0% of the set value or ±20 ms		
Operate time accuracy in inverse time mode		$\pm 5.0\%$ of the theoretical value or ± 20 ms $^{3)}$		
Suppression of harmonics		RMS: No suppression DFT: -50 dB at $f = n \times f_n$, where $n = 2, 3, 4, 5,$ Peak-to-Peak: No suppression P-to-P+backup: No suppression		

¹⁾ Set Operate delay time = 0,02 s, Operate curve type = IEC definite time, Measurement mode = default (depends on stage), current before fault = 0.0 × In, fn = 50 Hz, fault current in one phase with nominal frequency injected from random phase angle, results based on statistical distribution of 1000 measurements

Table 28. Three-phase non-directional overcurrent protection (PHxPTOC) main settings

Parameter	Function	Value (Range)	Step	
Start value	PHLPTOC	0.055.00 × I _n	0.01	
	PHHPTOC	0.1040.00 × I _n 0.01		
	PHIPTOC	1.0040.00 × I _n	0.01	
Time multiplier	PHLPTOC and PHHPTOC	0.0515.00	0.01	
Operate delay time	PHLPTOC and PHHPTOC	40200000 ms	10	
	PHIPTOC	20200000 ms	10	
Operating curve type ¹⁾	PHLPTOC	Definite or inverse time Curve type: 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 11, 12, 13, 14, 15, 17, 18, 19		
	PHHPTOC	Definite or inverse time Curve type: 1, 3, 5, 9, 10, 12, 15, 17		
	PHIPTOC	Definite time		

¹⁾ For further reference, see the Operation characteristics table

²⁾ Includes the delay of the signal output contact

³⁾ Includes the delay of the signal output contact

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Table 29. Three-phase directional overcurrent protection (DPHxPDOC)

Characteristic		Value		
Operation accuracy		Depending on the frequency of the current/voltage measured: $f_n \pm 2$ Hz Current: $\pm 1.5\%$ of the set value or $\pm 0.002 \times I_n$ Voltage: $\pm 1.5\%$ of the set value or $\pm 0.002 \times U_n$ Phase angle: $\pm 2^\circ$ Current: $\pm 1.5\%$ of the set value or $\pm 0.002 \times I_n$ (at currents in the range of $0.110 \times I_n$) $\pm 5.0\%$ of the set value (at currents in the range of $1040 \times I_n$) Voltage: $\pm 1.5\%$ of the set value or $\pm 0.002 \times U_n$ Phase angle: $\pm 2^\circ$		
	DPHLPDOC			
	DPHHPDOC			
Start time ¹⁾²⁾	I _{Fault} = 2.0 × set <i>Start value</i>	Minimum	Typical	Maximum
		39 ms	43 ms	47 ms
Reset time		Typically 40 ms		
Reset ratio		Typically 0.96		
Retardation time		<35 ms		
Operate time accuracy in definite time mode		±1.0% of the set value or ±20 ms		
Operate time accuracy in inverse time mode		±5.0% of the theoretical value or ±20 ms ³⁾		
Suppression of harmonics		DFT: -50 dB at f = $n \times f_n$, where $n = 2, 3, 4, 5,$		

Measurement mode and Pol quantity = default, current before fault = $0.0 \times I_n$, voltage before fault = $1.0 \times U_n$, $f_n = 50$ Hz, fault current in one phase with nominal frequency injected from 1) random phase angle, results based on statistical distribution of 1000 measurements

Table 30. Three-phase directional overcurrent protection (DPHxPDOC) main settings

Parameter	Function	Value (Range)	Step	
Start value	DPHLPDOC	0.055.00 × I _n	0.01	
	DPHHPDOC	0.1040.00 × I _n	0.01	
Time multiplier	DPHxPDOC	0.0515.00	0.01	
Operate delay time	DPHxPDOC	40200000 ms	10	
Directional mode	DPHxPDOC	1 = Non-directional 2 = Forward 3 = Reverse	-	
Characteristic angle	DPHxPDOC	-179180° 1		
Operating curve type ¹⁾	DPHLPDOC	Definite or inverse time Curve type: 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 11, 12, 13, 14, 15, 17, 18,		
	DPHHPDOC	Definite or inverse time Curve type: 1, 3, 5, 9, 10, 12, 15, 17		

¹⁾ For further reference, see the Operating characteristics table

Includes the delay of the signal output contact Maximum Start value = $2.5 \times I_n$, Start value multiples in range of 1.5...20

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Table 31. Three-phase voltage-dependent overcurrent protection (PHPVOC)

Characteristic	Value
Operation accuracy	Depending on the frequency of the measured current and voltage: $f_{\rm n}$ ±2 Hz
	Current: $\pm 1.5\%$ of the set value or $\pm 0.002 \times I_n$ Voltage: $\pm 1.5\%$ of the set value or $\pm 0.002 \times U_n$
Start time ¹⁾²⁾	Typically 26 ms
Reset time	Typically 40 ms
Reset ratio	Typically 0.96
Operate time accuracy in definite time mode	±1.0% of the set value or ±20 ms
Operate time accuracy in inverse time mode	±5.0% of the set value or ±20 ms
Suppression of harmonics	-50 dB at f = n × f _n , where n = 2, 3, 4, 5,

¹⁾ Measurement mode = default, current before fault = 0.0 × I_n, f_n = 50 Hz, fault current in one phase with nominal frequency injected from random phase angle, results based on statistical distribution of 1000 measurements

Table 32. Three-phase voltage-dependent overcurrent protection (PHPVOC) main settings

Parameter	Function	Value (Range)	Step	
Start value	PHPVOC	0.055.00 × I _n	0.01	
Start value low	PHPVOC	0.051.00 × I _n	0.01	
Voltage high limit	PHPVOC	0.011.00 × U _n	0.01	
Voltage low limit	PHPVOC	0.011.00 × U _n	0.01	
Start value Mult	PHPVOC	0.810.0	0.1	
Time multiplier	PHPVOC	0.0515.00	0.01	
Operating curve type ¹⁾	PHPVOC	Definite or inverse time Curve type: 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 11, 12, 13, 14, 15, 17, 18, 19		
Operate delay time	PHPVOC	40200000 ms	10	

¹⁾ For further reference, see the Operation characteristics table

²⁾ Includes the delay of the signal output contact

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Table 33. Non-directional earth-fault protection (EFxPTOC)

Characteristic		Value		
Operation accuracy		Depending on the frequency of the measured current: f _n ±2 Hz		
	EFLPTOC	±1.5% of the set value or ±0.002 × I _n		
	EFHPTOC and EFIPTOC	$\pm 1.5\%$ of set value or $\pm 0.002 \times I_n$ (at currents in the range of $0.110 \times I_n$) $\pm 5.0\%$ of the set value (at currents in the range of $1040 \times I_n$)		
Start time ¹⁾²⁾		Minimum	Typical	Maximum
	EFIPTOC: I _{Fault} = 2 × set <i>Start value</i> I _{Fault} = 10 × set <i>Start value</i>	16 ms 11 ms	19 ms 12 ms	23 ms 14 ms
	EFHPTOC and EFLPTOC: I _{Fault} = 2 × set <i>Start value</i>	23 ms	26 ms	29 ms
Reset time		Typically 40 ms		
Reset ratio		Typically 0.96		
Retardation time		<30 ms		
Operate time accuracy in definite time mode		±1.0% of the set value or ±20 ms		
Operate time accuracy in inverse time mode		±5.0% of the theoretical value or ±20 ms ³⁾		
Suppression of harmonics		RMS: No suppression DFT: -50 dB at $f = n \times f_n$, where $n = 2, 3, 4, 5,$ Peak-to-Peak: No suppression		

¹⁾ Measurement mode = default (depends on stage), current before fault = 0.0 × I_n, f_n = 50 Hz, earth-fault current with nominal frequency injected from random phase angle, results based on statistical distribution of 1000 measurements

Table 34. Non-directional earth-fault protection (EFxPTOC) main settings

Parameter	Function	Value (Range)	Step	
Start value	EFLPTOC	0.0105.000 × I _n	0.005	
	EFHPTOC	0.1040.00 × I _n	0.01	
	EFIPTOC	1.0040.00 × I _n	0.01	
Time multiplier	EFLPTOC and EFHPTOC	0.0515.00	0.01	
Operate delay time	EFLPTOC and EFHPTOC	40200000 ms	10	
	EFIPTOC	20200000 ms	10	
Operating curve type ¹⁾	EFLPTOC	Definite or inverse time Curve type: 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 11, 12, 13, 14, 15, 17, 18, 19		
	EFHPTOC	Definite or inverse time Curve type: 1, 3, 5, 9, 10, 12, 15, 17		
	EFIPTOC	Definite time		

¹⁾ For further reference, see the Operation characteristics table

²⁾ Includes the delay of the signal output contact

³⁾ Maximum Start value = $2.5 \times I_n$, Start value multiples in range of 1.5...20

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Table 35. Directional earth-fault protection (DEFxPDEF)

Characteristic		Value			
Operation accuracy		Depending on the frequency of the measured current: f _n ±2 Hz			
	DEFLPDEF	Current: $\pm 1.5\%$ of the set value or $\pm 0.002 \times I_n$ Voltage $\pm 1.5\%$ of the set value or $\pm 0.002 \times U_n$ Phase angle: $\pm 2^\circ$ Current: $\pm 1.5\%$ of the set value or $\pm 0.002 \times I_n$ (at currents in the range of $0.110 \times I_n$) $\pm 5.0\%$ of the set value (at currents in the range of $1040 \times I_n$) Voltage: $\pm 1.5\%$ of the set value or $\pm 0.002 \times U_n$ Phase angle: $\pm 2^\circ$			
	DEFHPDEF				
Start time 1)2)	DEFHPDEF I _{Fault} = 2 × set <i>Start value</i>	Minimum	Typical	Maximum	
		42 ms	46 ms	49 ms	
	DEFLPDEF I _{Fault} = 2 × set <i>Start value</i>	58 ms	62 ms	66 ms	
Reset time		Typically 40 ms			
Reset ratio		Typically 0.96	Typically 0.96		
Retardation time		<30 ms			
Operate time accuracy in definite time mode		±1.0% of the set value or ±20 ms			
Operate time accuracy in inverse time mode		±5.0% of the the	±5.0% of the theoretical value or ±20 ms ³⁾		
Suppression of harmonics		RMS: No suppression DFT: -50 dB at $f = n \times f_n$, where $n = 2, 3, 4, 5,$ Peak-to-Peak: No suppression			

Set $Operate \ delay \ time = 0.06 \ s, Operate \ curve \ type = IEC \ definite \ time, \ Measurement \ mode = default \ (depends on stage), \ current \ before fault = 0.0 \times I_n, \ f_n = 50 \ Hz, \ earth-fault \ current \ with \ time = 0.06 \ s, Operate \ curve \ type = IEC \ definite \ time, \ Measurement \ mode = default \ (depends on stage), \ current \ before fault = 0.00 \ s, Operate \ curve \ type = IEC \ definite \ time, \ Measurement \ mode = default \ (depends on stage), \ current \ before fault = 0.00 \ s, Operate \ curve \ type = IEC \ definite \ time, \ Measurement \ mode = default \ (depends on stage), \ current \ before fault = 0.00 \ s, Operate \ curve \ type = IEC \ definite \ time, \ Measurement \ mode = default \ (depends on stage), \ current \ before fault = 0.00 \ s, Operate \ curve \ type = IEC \ definite \ time, \ Measurement \ mode = default \ (depends on stage), \ current \ before \ fault = 0.00 \ s, Operate \ curve \ type = IEC \ definite \ time, \ Measurement \ mode = default \ (depends on stage), \ current \ time \ ti$ nominal frequency injected from random phase angle, results based on statistical distribution of 1000 measurements

Includes the delay of the signal output contact Maximum Start value = $2.5 \times I_n$, Start value multiples in range of 1.5...20

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Table 36. Directional earth-fault protection (DEFxPDEF) main settings

Parameter	Function	Value (Range)	Step
Start value	DEFLPDEF	0.0105.000 × I _n	0.005
	DEFHPDEF	0.1040.00 × I _n	0.01
Directional mode	DEFLPDEF and DEFHPDEF	1 = Non-directional 2 = Forward 3 = Reverse	-
Time multiplier	DEFLPDEF	0.0515.00	0.01
	DEFHPDEF	0.0515.00	0.01
Operate delay time	DEFLPDEF	50200000 ms	10
	DEFHPDEF	40200000 ms	10
Operating curve type ¹⁾	DEFLPDEF	Definite or inverse time Curve type: 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 11, 12, 13, 14, 15, 17, 18, 19	
	DEFHPDEF	Definite or inverse time Curve type: 1, 3, 5, 15, 17	
Operation mode	DEFxPDEF	 1 = Phase angle 2 = IoSin 3 = IoCos 4 = Phase angle 80 5 = Phase angle 88 	-

¹⁾ For further reference, see the Operating characteristics table

Table 37. Transient/intermittent earth-fault protection (INTRPTEF)

Characteristic	Value	
Operation accuracy (Uo criteria with transient protection)	Depending on the frequency of the measured current: f _n ±2 Hz	
	±1.5% of the set value or ±0.002 × Uo	
Operate time accuracy	±1.0% of the set value or ±20 ms	
Suppression of harmonics	DFT: -50 dB at f = $n \times f_n$, where $n = 2, 3, 4, 5$	

Table 38. Transient/intermittent earth-fault protection (INTRPTEF) main settings

Parameter	Function	Value (Range)	Step
Directional mode	INTRPTEF	1 = Non-directional 2 = Forward 3 = Reverse	-
Operate delay time	INTRPTEF	401200000 ms	10
Voltage start value	INTRPTEF	0.050.50 × U _n	0.01
Operation mode	INTRPTEF	1 = Intermittent EF 2 = Transient EF	-
Peak counter limit	INTRPTEF	220	1
Min operate current	INTRPTEF	0.011.00 × I _n	0.01

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Table 39. Negative-sequence overcurrent protection (NSPTOC)

Characteristic		Value	Value		
Operation accuracy		Depending on the frequency of the measured current: f _n			
		±1.5% of the set	±1.5% of the set value or ±0.002 × I _n		
Start time ¹⁾²⁾		Minimum	Typical	Maximum	
	I _{Fault} = 2 × set <i>Start value</i> I _{Fault} = 10 × set <i>Start value</i>	23 ms 15 ms	26 ms 18 ms	28 ms 20 ms	
Reset time		Typically 40 ms			
Reset ratio		Typically 0.96			
Retardation time		<35 ms			
Operate time accuracy in definite time mode		±1.0% of the set value or ±20 ms			
Operate time accuracy in inverse time mode		±5.0% of the theoretical value or ±20 ms ³⁾			
Suppression of harmonics		DFT: -50 dB at f = n × f_n , where n = 2, 3, 4, 5,			

¹⁾ Negative sequence current before fault = 0.0, f_n = 50 Hz, results based on statistical distribution of 1000 measurements

Table 40. Negative-sequence overcurrent protection (NSPTOC) main settings

Parameter	Function	Value (Range)	Step
Start value	NSPTOC	0.015.00 × I _n	0.01
Time multiplier	NSPTOC	0.0515.00	0.01
Operate delay time	NSPTOC	40200000 ms	10
Operating curve type ¹⁾	NSPTOC	Definite or inverse time Curve type: 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 11, 12, 13, 14, 15, 17, 18, 19	

¹⁾ For further reference, see the Operation characteristics table

Table 41. Negative-sequence overcurrent protection for machines (MNSPTOC)

Characteristic		Value		
Operation accuracy		Depending on the frequency of the measured current: f _n		
		±1.5% of the set	value or ±0.002 x I _n	
Start time ¹⁾²⁾	rt time ¹⁾²⁾		Typical	Maximum
I _{Fault} = 2.0 × set <i>Start va</i>	I _{Fault} = 2.0 × set <i>Start value</i>	23	25 ms	28 ms
Reset time		Typically 40 ms		
Reset ratio		Typically 0.96		
Retardation time		<35 ms		
Operate time accuracy in definite time mode		±1.0% of the set value or ±20 ms		
Operate time accuracy in inverse time mode		±5.0% of the theoretical value or ±20 ms ³⁾		s ³⁾
Suppression of harmonics		DFT: -50 dB at f = n × f_n , where n = 2, 3, 4, 5,		

¹⁾ Negative-sequence current before = 0.0, f_n = 50 Hz, results based on statistical distribution of 1000 measurements

²⁾ Includes the delay of the signal output contact

³⁾ Maximum Start value = $2.5 \times I_n$, Start value multiples in range of 1.5...20

²⁾ Includes the delay of the signal output contact

³⁾ Start value multiples in range of 1.10...5.00

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Table 42. Negative-sequence overcurrent protection for machines (MNSPTOC) main settings

Parameter	Function	Value (Range)	Step
Start value	MNSPTOC	0.010.50 × I _n	0.01
Operating curve type	MNSPTOC	Definite or inverse time Curve type: 5, 15, 17, 18	
Operate delay time	MNSPTOC	100120000 ms	10
Operation	MNSPTOC	1 = on 5 = off	-
Cooling time	MNSPTOC	57200 s	1

Table 43. Residual overvoltage protection (ROVPTOV)

Characteristic		Value		
Operation accuracy		Depending on the frequency of the measured voltage: $f_n \pm 2$ Hz $\pm 1.5\%$ of the set value or $\pm 0.002 \times U_n$		
	U _{Fault} = 2 × set <i>Start value</i>	48 ms	51 ms	54 ms
Reset time		Typically 40 ms		
Reset ratio		Typically 0.96		
Retardation time		<35 ms		
Operate time accuracy in definite time mode		±1.0% of the set value or ±20 ms		
Suppression of harmonics		DFT: -50 dB at f = n × f _n , where n = 2, 3, 4, 5,		

¹⁾ Residual voltage before fault = 0.0 × U_n, f_n = 50 Hz, residual voltage with nominal frequency injected from random phase angle, results based on statistical distribution of 1000 measurements

Table 44. Residual overvoltage protection (ROVPTOV) main settings

Parameter	Function	Value (Range)	Step
Start value	ROVPTOV	0.0101.000 × U _n	0.001
Operate delay time	ROVPTOV	40300000 ms	1

²⁾ Includes the delay of the signal output contact

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Table 45. Three-phase undervoltage protection (PHPTUV)

Characteristic		Value		
Operation accuracy		Depending on the frequency of the voltage measured: f_n ±2 Hz ±1.5% of the set value or ±0.002 × U _n		
	U _{Fault} = 0.9 × set <i>Start value</i>	62 ms	66 ms	70 ms
Reset time		Typically 40 ms		
Reset ratio		Depends on the set Relative hysteresis		
Retardation time		<35 ms		
Operate time accuracy in definite time mode		±1.0% of the set value or ±20 ms		
Operate time accuracy in inverse time mode		±5.0% of the theoretical value or ±20 ms ³⁾		s ³⁾
Suppression of harmonics		DFT: -50 dB at f	= $n \times f_n$, where $n = 2$, 3	5, 4, 5,

¹⁾ Start value = 1.0 × U_n. Voltage before fault = 1.1 × U_n, f_n = 50 Hz, undervoltage in one phase-to-phase with nominal frequency injected from random phase angle, results based on statistical distribution of 1000 measurements

Table 46. Three-phase undervoltage protection (PHPTUV) main settings

Parameter	Function	Value (Range)	Step
Start value	PHPTUV	0.051.20 × U _n	0.01
Time multiplier	PHPTUV	0.0515.00	0.01
Operate delay time	PHPTUV	60300000 ms	10
Operating curve type ¹⁾	PHPTUV	Definite or inverse time Curve type: 5, 15, 21, 22, 23	

¹⁾ For further reference, see the Operation characteristics table

Table 47. Three-phase overvoltage protection (PHPTOV)

Characteristic		Value		
Operation accuracy		Depending on the frequency of the measured voltage: f _n ±2 Hz		
		±1.5% of the set	value or ±0.002 × U _n	
Start time ¹⁾²⁾		Minimum	Typical	Maximum
	U _{Fault} = 1.1 × set <i>Start value</i>	23 ms	27 ms	31 ms
Reset time		Typically 40 ms		
Reset ratio		Depends on the set Relative hysteresis		
Retardation time		<35 ms		
Operate time accuracy in definite time mode		±1.0% of the set value or ±20 ms		
Operate time accuracy in inverse time mode		±5.0% of the theoretical value or ±20 ms ³⁾		S ³⁾
Suppression of harmonics		DFT: -50 dB at f	DFT: -50 dB at f = n × f_n , where n = 2, 3, 4, 5,	

¹⁾ Start value = 1.0 × U_n, Voltage before fault = 0.9 × U_n, f_n = 50 Hz, overvoltage in one phase-to-phase with nominal frequency injected from random phase angle, results based on statistical distribution of 1000 measurements

²⁾ Includes the delay of the signal output contact

³⁾ Minimum Start value = 0.50, Start value multiples in range of 0.90...0.20

²⁾ Includes the delay of the signal output contact

³⁾ Maximum Start value = 1.20 × U_n, Start value multiples in range of 1.10...2.00

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Table 48. Three-phase overvoltage protection (PHPTOV) main settings

Parameter	Function	Value (Range)	Step
Start value	PHPTOV	0.051.60 × U _n	0.01
Time multiplier	PHPTOV	0.0515.00	0.01
Operate delay time	PHPTOV	40300000 ms	10
Operating curve type ¹⁾	PHPTOV	Definite or inverse time Curve type: 5, 15, 17, 18, 19, 20	

¹⁾ For further reference, see the Operation characteristics table

Table 49. Positive-sequence undervoltage protection (PSPTUV)

Characteristic		Value		
Operation accuracy		Depending on the frequency of the measured voltage: f_n ±2 Hz ±1.5% of the set value or ±0.002 × U _n		
U _{Fault} = 0.99 × set <i>Start value</i> U _{Fault} = 0.9 × set <i>Start value</i>	52 ms 44 ms	55 ms 47 ms	58 ms 50 ms	
Reset time		Typically 40 ms		
Reset ratio		Depends on the set Relative hysteresis		
Retardation time		<35 ms		
Operate time accuracy in definite time mode		±1.0% of the set value or ±20 ms		
Suppression of harmonics		DFT: -50 dB at f	= $n \times f_n$, where $n = 2, 3$, 4, 5,

Start value = 1.0 × Un, positive-sequence voltage before fault = 1.1 × Un, fn = 50 Hz, positive sequence undervoltage with nominal frequency injected from random phase angle, results based on statistical distribution of 1000 measurements Includes the delay of the signal output contact

Table 50. Positive-sequence undervoltage protection (PSPTUV) main settings

Parameter	Function	Value (Range)	Step
Start value	PSPTUV	0.0101.200 × U _n	0.001
Operate delay time	PSPTUV	40120000 ms	10
Voltage block value	PSPTUV	0.011.00 × U _n	0.01

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Table 51. Negative-sequence overvoltage protection (NSPTOV)

Characteristic		Value		
Operation accuracy		Depending on the frequency of the voltage measured: f _n ±1.5% of the set value or ±0.002 × U _n		
	U _{Fault} = 1.1 × set <i>Start value</i> U _{Fault} = 2.0 × set <i>Start value</i>	33 ms 24 ms	35 ms 26 ms	37 ms 28 ms
Reset time		Typically 40 ms		
Reset ratio		Typically 0.96		
Retardation time		<35 ms		
Operate time accuracy in definite time mode		±1.0% of the set value or ±20 ms		
Suppression of harmonics		DFT: -50 dB at f	= $n \times f_n$, where $n = 2, 3$,	4, 5,

¹⁾ Negative-sequence voltage before fault = $0.0 \times U_n$, $f_n = 50$ Hz, negative-sequence overvoltage with nominal frequency injected from random phase angle, results based on statistical distribution of 1000 measurements Includes the delay of the signal output contact

Table 52. Negative-sequence overvoltage protection (NSPTOV) main settings

Parameter	Function	Value (Range)	Step
Start value	NSPTOV	0.0101.000 × U _n	0.001
Operate delay time	NSPTOV	40120000 ms	1

Table 53. Frequency protection (FRPFRQ)

Characteristic		Value
Operation accuracy	f>/f<	±5 mHz
	df/dt	±50 mHz/s (in range df/dt <5 Hz/s) ±2.0% of the set value (in range 5 Hz/s < df/dt < 15 Hz/s)
Start time	f>/f<	<80 ms
	df/dt	<120 ms
Reset time		<150 ms
Operate time accuracy		±1.0% of the set value or ±30 ms

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Table 54. Frequency protection (FRPFRQ) main settings

Parameter	Function	Value (Range)	Step
Operation mode	FRPFRQ	1 = Freq< 2 = Freq> 3 = df/dt 4 = Freq< + df/dt 5 = Freq> + df/dt 6 = Freq< OR df/dt 7 = Freq> OR df/dt	-
Start value Freq>	FRPFRQ	0.90001.2000 × f _n	0.0001
Start value Freq<	FRPFRQ	0.80001.1000 × f _n	0.0001
Start value df/dt	FRPFRQ	-0.20000.2000 × f _n /s	0.005
Operate Tm Freq	FRPFRQ	80200000 ms	10
Operate Tm df/dt	FRPFRQ	120200000 ms	10

Table 55. Overexcitation protection (OEPVPH)

Characteristic	Value
Operation accuracy	Depending on the frequency of the measured current: f _n ±2 Hz
	±3.0% of the set value
Start time ¹⁾²⁾	Frequency change: Typically 200 ms
	Voltage change: Typically 40 ms
Reset time	Typically 40 ms
Reset ratio	Typically 0.96
Retardation time	<35 ms
Operate time accuracy in definite-time mode	±1.0% of the set value or ±20 ms
Operate time accuracy in inverse-time mode	±5.0% of the theoretical value or ±50 ms

¹⁾ $f_n = 50$ Hz, results based on statistical distribution of 1000 measurements

Table 56. Overexcitation protection (OEPVPH) main settings

Parameter	Function	Value (Range)	Step
Start value	OEPVPH	100200%	1
Operating curve type	OEPVPH	Definite or inverse time Curve type: 5, 15, 17, 18, 19), 20
Time multiplier	OEPVPH	0.1100.0	0.1
Operate delay time	OEPVPH	200200000 ms	10
Cooling time	OEPVPH	510000 s	1

²⁾ Includes the delay of the signal output contact

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Table 57. Three-phase thermal protection for feeders, cables and distribution transformers (T1PTTR)

Characteristic	Value	
·	Depending on the frequency of the measured current: f _n ±2 Hz	
	Current measurement: $\pm 1.5\%$ of the set value or $\pm 0.002 \times I_n$ (at currents in the range of 0.014.00 × I_n)	
Operate time accuracy ¹⁾	±2.0% of the theoretical value or ±0.50 s	

¹⁾ Overload current > 1.2 × Operate level temperature

Table 58. Three-phase thermal protection for feeders, cables and distribution transformers (T1PTTR) main settings

Parameter	Function	Value (Range)	Step	
Env temperature Set	T1PTTR	-50100°C	1	
Current reference	T1PTTR	0.054.00 × I _n	0.01	
Temperature rise	T1PTTR	0.0200.0°C	0.1	
Time constant	T1PTTR	6060000 s	1	
Maximum temperature	T1PTTR	20.0200.0°C	0.1	
Alarm value	T1PTTR	20.0150.0°C	0.1	
Reclose temperature	T1PTTR	20.0150.0°C	0.1	
Current multiplier	T1PTTR	15	1	
Initial temperature	T1PTTR	-50.0100.0°C	0.1	

Table 59. Three-phase thermal overload protection, two time constants (T2PTTR)

Characteristic	Value	
Operation accuracy	Depending on the frequency of the measured current: f _n ±2 Hz	
	Current measurement: $\pm 1.5\%$ of the set value or ± 0.002 x I _n (at currents in the range of 0.014.00 x I _n)	
Operate time accuracy ¹⁾	±2.0% of the theoretical value or ±0.50 s	

¹⁾ Overload current > 1.2 x Operate level temperature

Table 60. Three-phase thermal overload protection, two time constants (T2PTTR) main settings

Function	Value (Range)	Step	
T2PTTR	0.0200.0°C	0.1	
T2PTTR	0.0200.0°C	0.1	
T2PTTR	80.0120.0%	0.1	
T2PTTR	660000 s	1	
T2PTTR	0.001.00	0.01	
T2PTTR	0.054.00 × I _n	0.01	
T2PTTR	1 = on 5 = off	-	
	T2PTTR T2PTTR T2PTTR T2PTTR T2PTTR T2PTTR T2PTTR T2PTTR	T2PTTR 0.0200.0°C T2PTTR 0.0200.0°C T2PTTR 80.0120.0% T2PTTR 660000 s T2PTTR 0.001.00 T2PTTR 0.054.00 × In	T2PTTR 0.0200.0°C 0.1 T2PTTR 0.0200.0°C 0.1 T2PTTR 80.0120.0% 0.1 T2PTTR 660000 s 1 T2PTTR 0.001.00 0.01 T2PTTR 0.054.00 × In 0.01 T2PTTR 1 = on -

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Table 61. Circuit breaker failure protection (CCBRBRF)

Characteristic	Value
	Depending on the frequency of the measured current: f _n ±2 Hz
	±1.5% of the set value or ±0.002 × I _n
Operate time accuracy	±1.0% of the set value or ±20 ms
Reset time	Typically 40 ms
Retardation time	<20 ms

Table 62. Circuit breaker failure protection (CCBRBRF) main settings

Parameter	Function	Value (Range)	Step	
Current value	CCBRBRF	0.052.00 × I _n	0.05	
Current value Res	CCBRBRF	0.052.00 × I _n	0.05	
CB failure mode	CCBRBRF	1 = Current 2 = Breaker status 3 = Both	-	
CB fail trip mode	CCBRBRF	1 = Off 2 = Without check 3 = Current check	-	
Retrip time	CCBRBRF	060000 ms	10	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •
CB failure delay	CCBRBRF	060000 ms	10	
CB fault delay	CCBRBRF	060000 ms	10	

Table 63. Three-phase inrush detector (INRPHAR)

Value
At the frequency f = f _n
Current measurement: ±1.5% of the set value or ±0.002 × I _n Ratio 2f/ 1f measurement: ±5.0% of the set value
+35 ms / -0 ms
Typically 0.96
+35 ms / -0 ms

Table 64. Three-phase inrush detector (INRPHAR) main settings

Parameter	Function	Value (Range)	Step
Start value	INRPHAR	5100%	1
Operate delay time	INRPHAR	2060000 ms	1

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Table 65. Arc protection (ARCSARC)

Characteristic Operation accuracy		Value		
		±3% of the set value or ±0.01 × I _n		
Operate time		Minimum	Typical	Maximum
	Operation mode = "Light +current" ¹⁾²⁾	9 ms ³⁾ 4 ms ⁴⁾	12 ms ³⁾ 6 ms ⁴⁾	15 ms ³⁾ 9 ms ⁴⁾
	Operation mode = "Light only" ²⁾	9 ms ³⁾ 4 ms ⁴⁾	10 ms ³⁾ 6 ms ⁴⁾	12 ms ³⁾ 7 ms ⁴⁾
Reset time		Typically 40 ms		······································
Reset ratio		Typically 0.96		

 $[\]textit{Phase start value} = 1.0 \times I_{\text{n}}, \text{ current before fault} = 2.0 \times \text{set } \textit{Phase start value}, f_{\text{n}} = 50 \text{ Hz}, \text{ fault with nominal frequency, results based on statistical distribution of 200 measurements}$

Table 66. Arc protection (ARCSARC) main settings

Parameter	Function	Value (Range)	Step
Phase start value	ARCSARC	0.5040.00 × I _n	0.01
Ground start value	ARCSARC	0.058.00 × I _n	0.01
Operation mode	ARCSARC	2 = Light only 3 = BI controlled	-

Table 67. Multipurpose protection (MAPGAPC)

Characteristic	Value
Operation accuracy	±1.0% of the set value or ±20 ms

Table 68. Multipurpose protection (MAPGAPC) main settings

Parameter	Function	Value (Range)	Step
Start value	MAPGAPC	-10000.010000.0	0.1
Operate delay time	MAPGAPC	0200000 ms	100
Operation mode	MAPGAPC	1 = Over 2 = Under	-

²⁾ Includes the delay of the heavy-duty output contact

³⁾ 4) Normal power output High-speed output

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Table 69. Stabilized and instantaneous differential protection for machines (MPDIF)

Characteristic		Value		
Operation accuracy		Depending on th	e frequency of the curre	ent measured: f _n ±2 Hz
			alue or ±0.002 x I _n	
Operate time ¹⁾²⁾		Minimum	Typical	Maximum
	Low stage	36 ms	40 ms	42 ms
	High stage	18 ms	22 ms	27 ms
Reset time		<40 ms		
Reset ratio		Typically 0.95		
		<20 ms		

¹⁾ $F_n = 50$ Hz, results based on statistical distribution of 1000 measurements

Table 70. Stabilized and instantaneous differential protection for machines (MPDIF) main settings

Parameter	Function	Value (Range)	Step	
Low operate value	MPDIF	530 %lr	1	
High operate value	MPDIF	1001000 %lr	10	
Slope section 2	MPDIF	1050%	1	
End section 1	MPDIF	0100 %lr	1	
End section 2	MPDIF	100300 %lr	1	
DC restrain enable	MPDIF	0 = False 1 = True	-	
CT connection type	MPDIF	1 = Type 1 2 = Type 2	-	
CT ratio Cor Line	MPDIF	0.404.00	0.01	
CT ratio Cor Neut	MPDIF	0.404.00	0.01	

Table 71. Third harmonic-based stator earth-fault protection (H3EFPSEF)

Characteristic	Value
Operation accuracy	Depending on the frequency of the measured voltage: f_{n} ±2 Hz
	±5% of the set value or ±0.004 × U _n
Start time ¹⁾²⁾	Typically 35 ms
Reset time	Typically 35 ms
Reset ratio	Typically 0.96 (differential mode) Typically 1.04 (under voltage mode)
Operate time accuracy	±1.0% of the set value of ±20 ms

¹⁾ $f_n = 50$ Hz, results based on statistical distribution of 1000 measurements

²⁾ Includes the delay of the power output contact

²⁾ Includes the delay of the signal output contact

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Table 72. Third harmonic-based stator earth-fault protection (H3EFPSEF) main settings

Parameter	Function	Value (Range)	Step	
Beta	H3EFPSEF	0.5010.00	0.01	
Voltage N 3.H Lim	H3EFPSEF	0.0050.200 × U _n	0.001	***************************************
Operate delay time	H3EFPSEF	20300000 ms	10	
Voltage selection	H3EFPSEF	1 = No voltage 2 = Measured Uo 3 = Calculated Uo 4 = Phase A 5 = Phase B 6 = Phase C	-	
CB open factor	H3EFPSEF	1.0010.00	0.01	

Table 73. Underpower protection (DUPPDPR)

Characteristic	Value
Operation accuracy 1)	Depending on the frequency of the measured current and voltage: f_{n} $\pm 2~\text{Hz}$
	Power measurement accuracy $\pm 3\%$ of the set value or $\pm 0.002 \times S_n$ Phase angle: $\pm 2^\circ$
Start time ²⁾³⁾	Typically 45 ms
Reset time	Typically 30 ms
Reset ratio	Typically 1.04
Operate time accuracy	±1.0% of the set value of ±20 ms
Suppression of harmonics	-50 dB at f = $n \times f_n$, where $n = 2, 3, 4, 5,$

Table 74. Underpower protection (DUPPDPR) main settings

Parameter	Function	Value (Range)	Step
Start value	DUPPDPR	0.012.00 × S _n	0.01
Operate delay time	DUPPDPR	40300000 ms	10
Pol reversal	DUPPDPR	0 = False 1 = True	-
Disable time	DUPPDPR	060000 ms	1000

Measurement mode = "Pos Seq" (default) $U = U_n, \, f_n = 50 \, \text{Hz}, \, \text{results based on statistical distribution of 1000 measurements}$ Includes the delay of the signal output contact 1) 2)

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Table 75. Reverse power/directional overpower protection (DOPPDPR)

Characteristic	Value	
Operation accuracy 1)	Depending on the frequency of the measured current and voltage: $f = f_n \pm 2 \text{ Hz}$	
	Power measurement accuracy $\pm 3\%$ of the set value or $\pm 0.002 \times S_n$ Phase angle: $\pm 2^\circ$	
Start time ²⁾³⁾	Typically 45 ms	
Reset time	Typically 30 ms	
Reset ratio	Typically 0.94	
Operate time accuracy	±1.0% of the set value of ±20 ms	
Suppression of harmonics	-50 dB at f = n × f _n , where n = 2, 3, 4, 5,	

¹⁾ Measurement mode = "Pos Seq" (default)

Table 76. Reverse power/directional overpower protection (DOPPDPR) main settings

Parameter	Function	Value (Range)	Step
Start value	DOPPDPR	0.012.00 × S _n	0.01
Operate delay time	DOPPDPR	40300000 ms	10
Directional mode	DOPPDPR	2 = Forward 3 = Reverse	-
Power angle	DOPPDPR	-9090°	1

Table 77. Three-phase under excitation protection (UEXPDIS)

Characteristic	Value	
Operation accuracy	Depending on the frequency of the measured current and voltage: $f = f_n \pm 2 \text{ Hz}$	
	±3.0% of the set value or ±0.2% Zb	
Start time ¹⁾²⁾	Typically 45 ms	
Reset time	Typically 30 ms	
Reset ratio	Typically 1.04	
Retardation time	Total retardation time when the impedance returns from the operating circle <40 ms	
Operate time accuracy	±1.0% of the set value or ±20 ms	
Suppression of harmonics	-50 dB at f = n × f_n , where n = 2, 3, 4, 5,	

¹⁾ f_{n} = 50Hz, results based on statistical distribution of 1000 measurements

²⁾ $U = U_n$, $f_n = 50$ Hz, results based on statistical distribution of 1000 measurements

³⁾ Includes the delay of the signal output contact

²⁾ Includes the delay of the signal output contact

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Table 78. Three-phase underexcitation protection (UEXPDIS) main settings

Parameter	Function	Value (Range)	Step
Diameter	UEXPDIS	16000 %Z _n	1
Offset	UEXPDIS	-10001000 %Z _n	1
Displacement	UEXPDIS	-10001000 %Z _n	1
Operate delay time	UEXPDIS	60200000 ms	10
External Los Det Ena	UEXPDIS	0 = Disable 1 = Enable	-

Table 79. Three-phase underimpedance protection (UZPDIS)

Characteristic	Value
Operation accuracy	Depending on the frequency of the measured current and voltage: $f_n\pm 2$ Hz
	±3.0% of the set value or ±0.2 %Zb
Start time ¹⁾²⁾	Typically 50 ms
Reset time	Typically 40 ms
Reset ratio	Typically 1.04
Retardation time	<40 ms
Operate time accuracy	±1.0% of the set value or ±20 ms

¹⁾ $f_n = 50$ Hz, results based on statistical distribution of 1000 measurements

Table 80. Three-phase underimpedance protection (UZPDIS) main settings

Parameter	Function	Value (Range)	Step
Percentage reach	UZPDIS	16000% Z _n	1
Operate delay time	UZPDIS	40200000 ms	10

Table 81. Out-of-step protection OOSRPSB

Characteristic	Value
Impedance reach	Depending on the frequency of the measured current and voltage: f_{n} ± 2 $$ Hz $$
	$\pm 3.0\%$ of the reach value or $\pm 0.2\%$ of $U_n/(\sqrt{3}\cdot I_n)$
Reset time ±1.0% of the set value or ±40 ms	
Operate time accuracy	±1.0% of the set value or ±20 ms
Suppression of harmonics	DFT: -50 dB at f = n × f _n , where n = 2, 3, 4, 5

²⁾ Includes the delay of the signal output contact

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Table 82. Out-of-step protection (OOSRPSB) main settings

Parameter	Function	Value (Range)	Step	
Oos trip mode	OOSRPSB	1 = Way in 2 = Way out 3 = Adaptive	-	
Forward reach	OOSRPSB	0.006000.00 Ω	0.01	
Reverse reach	OOSRPSB	0.006000.00 Ω	0.01	
Inner blinder R	OOSRPSB	1.006000.00 Ω	0.01	
Outer blinder R	OOSRPSB	1.0110000.00 Ω	0.01	
Impedance angle	OOSRPSB	10.090.0°	0.1	
Swing time	OOSRPSB	20300000 ms	10	
Trip delay time	OOSRPSB	2060000 ms	10	
Zone 1 reach	OOSRPSB	1100%	1	

Table 83. Operation characteristics

Parameter	Value (Range)
Operating curve type	1 = ANSI Ext. inv.
	2 = ANSI Very. inv.
	3 = ANSI Norm. inv.
	4 = ANSI Mod inv.
	5 = ANSI Def. Time
	6 = L.T.E. inv.
	7 = L.T.V. inv.
	8 = L.T. inv.
	9 = IEC Norm. inv.
	10 = IEC Very inv.
	11 = IEC inv.
	12 = IEC Ext. inv.
	13 = IEC S.T. inv.
	14 = IEC L.T. inv
	15 = IEC Def. Time
	17 = Programmable
	18 = RI type
	19 = RD type
Operating curve type (voltage protection)	5 = ANSI Def. Time
approximg carro type (contage protection)	15 = IEC Def. Time
	17 = Inv. Curve A
	18 = Inv. Curve B
	19 = Inv. Curve C
	20 = Programmable
	21 = Inv. Curve A
	22 = Inv. Curve B
	23 = Programmable

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Interconnection functions

Table 84. Directional reactive power undervoltage protection (DQPTUV)

Characteristic	Value
Operation accuracy	Depending on the frequency of the measured current and voltage: $f_n \pm 2$ Hz Reactive power range PF <0.71
	Power: $ \pm 3.0\% \text{ or } \pm 0.002 \times Q_n $ $ \text{Voltage:} $ $ \pm 1.5\% \text{ of the set value or } \pm 0.002 \times U_n $
Start time ¹⁾²⁾	Typically 46 ms
Reset time	<50 ms
Reset ratio	Typically 0.96
Operate time accuracy	±1.0% of the set value or ±20 ms
Suppression of harmonics	DFT: -50 dB at f = n × f _n , where n = 2, 3, 4, 5,

¹⁾ Start value = 0.05 × S_n, reactive power before fault = 0.8 × Start value, reactive power overshoot 2 times, results based on statistical distribution of 1000 measurements

Table 85. Directional reactive power undervoltage protection (DQPTUV) main settings

Parameter	Function	Value (Range)	Step
Voltage start value	DQPTUV	0.201.20 × U _n	0.01
Operate delay time	DQPTUV	100300000 ms	10
Min reactive power	DQPTUV	0.010.50 × S _n	0.01
Min Ps Seq current	DQPTUV	0.020.20 × I _n	0.01
Pwr sector reduction	DQPTUV	010°	1

Table 86. Low-voltage ride-through protection (LVRTPTUV)

Characteristic	Value
Operation accuracy Depending on the frequency of the measured volt $f_{\rm n}$ ±2 Hz	
	$\pm 1.5\%$ of the set value or $\pm 0.002 \times U_n$
Start time ¹⁾²⁾	Typically 40 ms
Reset time	Based on maximum value of Recovery time setting
Operate time accuracy	±1.0% of the set value or ±20 ms
Suppression of harmonics	DFT: -50 dB at f = n × f_n , where n = 2, 3, 4, 5,

¹⁾ Tested for Number of Start phases = 1 out of 3, results based on statistical distribution of 1000 measurements

²⁾ Includes the delay of the signal output contact

²⁾ Includes the delay of the signal output contact

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Table 87. Low-voltage ride-through protection (LVRTPTUV) main settings

Parameter	Function	Value (Range)	Step
Voltage start value	LVRTPTUV	0.051.20 × U _n	0.01
Num of start phases	LVRTPTUV	4 = Exactly 1 of 3 5 = Exactly 2 of 3 6 = Exactly 3 of 3	-
Voltage selection	LVRTPTUV	1 = Highest Ph-to-E 2 = Lowest Ph-to-E 3 = Highest Ph-to-Ph 4 = Lowest Ph-to-Ph 5 = Positive Seq	-
Active coordinates	LVRTPTUV	110	1
Voltage level 1	LVRTPTUV	0.001.20 ms	0.01
Voltage level 2	LVRTPTUV	0.001.20 ms	0.01
Voltage level 3	LVRTPTUV	0.001.20 ms	0.01
Voltage level 4	LVRTPTUV	0.001.20 ms	0.01
Voltage level 5	LVRTPTUV	0.001.20 ms	0.01
Voltage level 6	LVRTPTUV	0.001.20 ms	0.01
Voltage level 7	LVRTPTUV	0.001.20 ms	0.01
Voltage level 8	LVRTPTUV	0.001.20 ms	0.01
Voltage level 9	LVRTPTUV	0.001.20 ms	0.01
Voltage level 10	LVRTPTUV	0.001.20 ms	0.01
Recovery time 1	LVRTPTUV	0300000 ms	1
Recovery time 2	LVRTPTUV	0300000 ms	1
Recovery time 3	LVRTPTUV	0300000 ms	1
Recovery time 4	LVRTPTUV	0300000 ms	1
Recovery time 5	LVRTPTUV	0300000 ms	1
Recovery time 6	LVRTPTUV	0300000 ms	1
Recovery time 7	LVRTPTUV	0300000 ms	1
Recovery time 8	LVRTPTUV	0300000 ms	1
Recovery time 9	LVRTPTUV	0300000 ms	1
Recovery time 10	LVRTPTUV	0300000 ms	1

Table 88. Voltage vector shift protection (VVSPPAM)

Characteristic	Value
Operation accuracy	Depending on the frequency of the measured voltage: $f_{n}\pm1$ Hz
	±1°
Operate time ¹⁾²⁾	Typically 53 ms

¹⁾ $f_{\rm n}$ = 50 Hz, results based on statistical distribution of 1000 measurements

²⁾ Includes the delay of the signal output contact

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Table 89. Voltage vector shift protection (VVSPPAM) main settings

Parameter	Function	Value (Range)	Step
Start value	VVSPPAM	2.030.0°	0.1
Over Volt Blk value	VVSPPAM	0.401.50 × Un	0.01
Under Volt Blk value	VVSPPAM	0.151.00 × Un	0.01
Phase supervision	VVSPPAM	7 = Ph A + B + C 8 = Pos sequence	-

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Power quality functions

Table 90. Voltage variation (PHQVVR)

Characteristic	Value
Operation accuracy	±1.5% of the set value or ±0.2% of reference voltage
Reset ratio	Typically 0.96 (Swell), 1.04 (Dip, Interruption)

Table 91. Voltage unbalance (VSQVUB)

Characteristic	Value
·	±1.5% of the set value or ±0.002 × U _n
Reset ratio	Typically 0.96

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Control functions

Table 92. Synchronism and energizing check (SECRSYN)

Characteristic	Value
Operation accuracy	Depending on the frequency of the voltage measured: $f_n \pm 1 \text{ Hz}$
	Voltage: ±3.0% of the set value or ±0.01 × U _n Frequency: ±10 mHz Phase angle: ±3°
Reset time	<50 ms
Reset ratio	Typically 0.96
Operate time accuracy in definite time mode	±1.0% of the set value or ±20 ms

Table 93. Synchronism and energizing check (SECRSYN) main settings

Parameter	Function	Value (Range)	Step	
Live dead mode	SECRSYN	-1 = Off 1 = Both Dead 2 = Live L, Dead B 3 = Dead L, Live B 4 = Dead Bus, L Any 5 = Dead L, Bus Any 6 = One Live, Dead 7 = Not Both Live	-	
Difference voltage	SECRSYN	0.010.50 × U _n	0.01	
Difference frequency	SECRSYN	0.0010.100 × f _n	0.001	
Difference angle	SECRSYN	590°	1	
Synchrocheck mode	SECRSYN	1 = Off 2 = Synchronous 3 = Asynchronous	-	
Dead line value	SECRSYN	0.10.8 × U _n	0.1	
Live line value	SECRSYN	0.21.0 × U _n	0.1	
Max energizing V	SECRSYN	0.501.15 × U _n	0.01	
Control mode	SECRSYN	1 = Continuous 2 = Command	-	
Close pulse	SECRSYN	20060000 ms	10	
Phase shift	SECRSYN	-180180°	1	
Minimum Syn time	SECRSYN	060000 ms	10	
Maximum Syn time	SECRSYN	1006000000 ms	10	
Energizing time	SECRSYN	10060000 ms	10	
Closing time of CB	SECRSYN	40250 ms	10	

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Supervision functions

Table 94. Circuit-breaker condition monitoring (SSCBR)

Characteristic	Value
Current measuring accuracy	$\pm 1.5\%$ or $\pm 0.002 \times I_n$ (at currents in the range of $0.110 \times I_n$) $\pm 5.0\%$ (at currents in the range of $1040 \times I_n$)
Operate time accuracy	±1.0% of the set value or ±20 ms
Travelling time measurement	+10 ms / -0 ms

Table 95. Current circuit supervision (CCSPVC)

Characteristic	Value
Operate time 1)	<30 ms

¹⁾ Including the delay of the output contact

Table 96. Current circuit supervision (CCSPVC) main settings

Parameter	Function	Value (Range)	Step
Start value	CCSPVC	0.050.20 × I _n	0.01
Max operate current	CCSPVC	1.005.00 × I _n	0.01

Table 97. Fuse failure supervision (SEQSPVC)

Characteristic		Value
		U _{Fault} = 1.1 × set <i>Neg Seq voltage</i> <33 ms <i>Lev</i>
		U _{Fault} = 5.0 × set <i>Neg Seq voltage</i> <18 ms <i>Lev</i>
	Delta function	ΔU = 1.1 × set <i>Voltage change rate</i> <30 ms
		ΔU = 2.0 × set <i>Voltage change rate</i> <24 ms

¹⁾ Includes the delay of the signal output contact, f_n = 50 Hz, fault voltage with nominal frequency injected from random phase angle, results based on statistical distribution of 1000 measurements

Table 98. Runtime counter for machines and devices (MDSOPT)

Description	Value
Motor runtime measurement accuracy ¹⁾	±0.5%

¹⁾ Of the reading, for a stand-alone relay, without time synchronization

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Measurement functions

Table 99. Three-phase current measurement (CMMXU)

Characteristic	Value
Operation accuracy	Depending on the frequency of the measured current: f _n ±2 Hz
	$\pm 0.5\%$ or $\pm 0.002 \times I_n$ (at currents in the range of 0.014.00 \times I_n)
Suppression of harmonics	DFT: -50 dB at $f = n \times f_n$, where $n = 2, 3, 4, 5,$ RMS: No suppression

Table 100. Sequence current measurement (CSMSQI)

Characteristic	Value	
Operation accuracy	Depending on the frequency of the measured current: f/f _n = ±2 Hz	
;	$\pm 1.0\%$ or $\pm 0.002 \times I_n$ at currents in the range of 0.014.00 × I_n	
Suppression of harmonics	DFT: -50 dB at f = n × f _n , where n = 2, 3, 4, 5,	

Table 101. Residual current measurement (RESCMMXU)

Characteristic	Value	
Operation accuracy	Depending on the frequency of the current measured: $f/f_n = \pm 2 Hz$	
	$\pm 0.5\%$ or $\pm 0.002 \times I_n$ at currents in the range of 0.014.00 \times I_n	
Suppression of harmonics	DFT: -50 dB at $f = n \times f_n$, where $n = 2, 3, 4, 5,$ RMS: No suppression	

Table 102. Three-phase voltage measurement (VMMXU)

Characteristic	Value
Operation accuracy	Depending on the frequency of the voltage measured: f_n ±2 Hz At voltages in range 0.011.15 × U _n
	±0.5% or ±0.002 × U _n
Suppression of harmonics	DFT: -50 dB at f = n × f_n , where n = 2, 3, 4, 5, RMS: No suppression

Table 103. Residual voltage measurement (RESVMMXU)

Characteristic	Value	
Operation accuracy	Depending on the frequency of the measured current: f/f _n = ±2 Hz	
	±0.5% or ±0.002 × U _n	
Suppression of harmonics	DFT: -50 dB at $f = n \times f_n$, where $n = 2, 3, 4, 5,$ RMS: No suppression	

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Table 104. Sequence voltage measurement (VSMSQI)

Characteristic	Value
;	Depending on the frequency of the voltage measured: $f_n \pm 2$ Hz At voltages in range 0.011.15 × U_n
	±1.0% or ±0.002 × U _n
Suppression of harmonics	DFT: -50 dB at f = n × f _n , where n = 2, 3, 4, 5,

Table 105. Three-phase power and energy measurement (PEMMXU)

Characteristic	Value
Operation accuracy	At all three currents in range $0.101.20 \times I_n$ At all three voltages in range $0.501.15 \times U_n$ At the frequency $f_n \pm 1$ Hz
	±1.5% for apparent power S ±1.5% for active power P and active energy ¹⁾ ±1.5% for reactive power Q and reactive energy ²⁾ ±0.015 for power factor
Suppression of harmonics	DFT: -50 dB at f = $n \times f_n$, where $n = 2, 3, 4, 5,$

[|]PF| >0.5 which equals $|\cos\phi|$ >0.5 |PF| <0.86 which equals $|\sin\phi|$ >0.5

Table 106. RTD/mA measurement (XRGGIO130)

Description		Value	
RTD inputs	Supported RTD sensors	100 Ω platinum 250 Ω platinum 100 Ω nickel 120 Ω nickel 250 Ω nickel 10 Ω copper	TCR 0.00385 (DIN 43760) TCR 0.00385 TCR 0.00618 (DIN 43760) TCR 0.00618 TCR 0.00618 TCR 0.00427
Supported resistance rar		02 kΩ	
	Maximum lead resistance (three-wire measurement)	25 Ω per lead	
	Isolation	2 kV (inputs to protective	earth)
	Response time	<4 s	
	RTD/resistance sensing current	Maximum 0.33 mA rms	
	Operation accuracy	Resistance	Temperature
		± 2.0% or ±1 Ω	±1°C 10 Ω copper: ±2°C
mA inputs	Supported current range	020 mA	
Current input impedance	Current input impedance	44 Ω ± 0.1%	
	Operation accuracy	±0.5% or ±0.01 mA	

Table 107. Frequency measurement (FMMXU)

Characteristic	Value
Operation accuracy	±5 mHz
	(in measurement range 3575 Hz)

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Other functions

Table 108. Pulse timer (PTGAPC)

Characteristic	Value
Operate time accuracy	±1.0% of the set value or ±20 ms

Table 109. Time delay off (8 pcs) (TOFPAGC)

Characteristic	Value
Operate time accuracy	±1.0% of the set value or ±20 ms

Table 110. Time delay on (8 pcs) (TONGAPC)

Characteristic	Value
Operate time accuracy	±1.0% of the set value or ±20 ms

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20. Local HMI

The relay is available with two optional displays, a large one and a small one. The large display is suited for relay installations where the front panel user interface is frequently used and a single line diagram is required. The small display is suited for remotely controlled substations where the relay is only occasionally accessed locally via the front panel user interface.

Both LCD displays offer front-panel user interface functionality with menu navigation and menu views. However, the large display offers increased front-panel usability with less menu scrolling and improved information overview. In addition, the large display includes a user-configurable single line diagram (SLD) with position indication for the associated primary equipment. Depending on the chosen standard configuration, the relay displays the related measuring values, apart from the

default single line diagram. The SLD view can also be accessed using the Web browser-based user interface. The default SLD can be modified according to user requirements by using the Graphical Display Editor in PCM600. The user can create up to 10 SLD pages.

The local HMI includes a push button (L/R) for local/remote operation of the relay. When the relay is in the local mode, it can be operated only by using the local front panel user interface. When the relay is in the remote mode, it can execute commands sent from a remote location. The relay supports the remote selection of local/remote mode via a binary input. This feature facilitates, for example, the use of an external switch at the substation to ensure that all relays are in the local mode during maintenance work and that the circuit breakers cannot be operated remotely from the network control center.

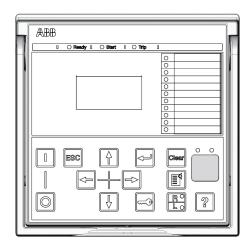


Figure 14. Small display

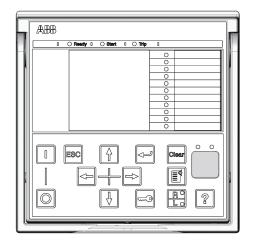


Figure 15. Large display

Table 111. Small display

Character size ¹⁾	Rows in the view	Characters per row
Small, mono-spaced (6 × 12 pixels)	5	20
Large, variable width (13 × 14 pixels)	3	8 or more

Depending on the selected language

Table 112. Large display

Character size ¹⁾	Rows in the view	Characters per row
Small, mono-spaced (6 × 12 pixels)	10	20
Large, variable width (13 × 14 pixels)	7	8 or more

¹⁾ Depending on the selected language

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21. Mounting methods

By means of appropriate mounting accessories, the standard relay case can be flush mounted, semi-flush mounted or wall mounted. The flush mounted and wall mounted relay cases can also be mounted in a tilted position (25°) using special accessories.

Further, the relays can be mounted in any standard 19" instrument cabinet by means of 19" mounting panels available with cut-outs for one or two relays. Alternatively, the relays can be mounted in 19" instrument cabinets by means of 4U Combiflex equipment frames.

For routine testing purposes, the relay cases can be equipped with test switches, type RTXP 18, which can be mounted side by side with the relay cases.

Mounting methods

- Flush mounting
- Semi-flush mounting
- Semi-flush mounting in a 25° tilt
- · Rack mounting
- · Wall mounting
- Mounting to a 19" equipment frame
- Mounting with an RTXP 18 test switch to a 19" rack

Panel cut-out for flush mounting

Height: 161.5 ±1 mm
Width: 165.5 ±1 mm

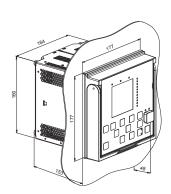


Figure 16. Flush mounting

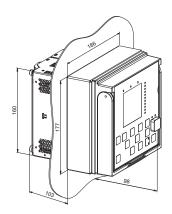


Figure 17. Semi-flush mounting

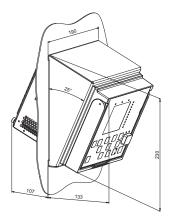


Figure 18. Semi-flush mounting in a 25° tilt

22. Relay case and plug-in unit

The relay cases are assigned to a certain type of plug-in unit. For safety reasons, the relay cases for current measuring relays are provided with automatically operating contacts for short-circuiting the CT secondary circuits when a relay unit is withdrawn from its case. The relay case is further provided with a mechanical coding system preventing the current measuring relay units from being inserted into relay cases intended for voltage measuring relay units.

23. Selection and ordering data

Use <u>ABB Library</u> to access the selection and ordering information and to generate the order number.

Product Selection Tool (PST), a Next-Generation Order Number Tool, supports order code creation for ABB Distribution Automation IEC products with emphasis on but not exclusively for the Relion product family. PST is an easy to use, online tool always containing the latest product information. The complete order code can be created with detailed specification and the result can be printed and mailed. Registration is required.

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24. Accessories and ordering data

Table 113. Cables

Item	Order number
Optical sensor for arc protection, cable length 1.5 m	1MRS120534-1.5
Optical sensor for arc protection, cable length 3.0 m	1MRS120534-3
Optical sensor for arc protection, cable length 5.0 m	1MRS120534-5
Optical sensor for arc protection, cable length 7.0 m	1MRS120534-7
Optical sensor for arc protection, cable length 10.0 m	1MRS120534-10
Optical sensor for arc protection, cable length 15.0 m	1MRS120534-15
Optical sensor for arc protection, cable length 20.0 m	1MRS120534-20
Optical sensor for arc protection, cable length 25.0 m	1MRS120534-25
Optical sensor for arc protection, cable length 30.0 m	1MRS120534-30

Table 114. Mounting accessories

tem .	Order number
Semi-flush mounting kit	1MRS050696
Wall mounting kit	1MRS050697
Inclined semi-flush mounting kit	1MRS050831
19" rack mounting kit with cut-out for one relay	1MRS050694
19" rack mounting kit with cut-out for two relays	1MRS050695
Mounting bracket for one relay with test switch RTXP in 4U Combiflex (RHGT 19" variant C)	2RCA022642P0001
Mounting bracket for one relay in 4U Combiflex (RHGT 19" variant C)	2RCA022643P0001
19" rack mounting kit for one relay and one RTXP18 test switch (the test switch is not included in the delivery)	2RCA021952A0003
19" rack mounting kit for one relay and one RTXP24 test switch (the test switch is not included in the delivery)	2RCA022561A0003
Functional earthing flange for RTD modules ¹⁾	2RCA036978A0001
Replacement kit for a Strömberg SP_J40 series relay (cut-out in the center of the installation plate)	2RCA027871A0001
Replacement kit for a Strömberg SP_J40 series relay (cut-out on the left or the right of the installation plate)	2RCA027874A0001
Replacement kit for two Strömberg SP_J3 series relays	2RCA027880A0001
19" rack replacement kit for Strömberg SP_J3/J6 series relays (one cut-out)	2RCA027894A0001
19" rack replacement kit for Strömberg SP_J3/J6 series relays (two cut-outs)	2RCA027897A0001
Replacement kit for a Strömberg SP_J6 series relay	2RCA027881A0001
Replacement kit for three BBC S_ series relays	2RCA027882A0001
Replacement kit for a SPA 300 series relay	2RCA027885A0001

¹⁾ Cannot be used when the protection relay is mounted with the Combiflex 19" equipment frame (2RCA032826A0001)

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25. Tools

The protection relay is delivered as a preconfigured unit. The default parameter setting values can be changed from the front-panel user interface (local HMI), the Web browser-based user interface (Web HMI) or Protection and Control IED Manager PCM600 in combination with the relay-specific connectivity package.

PCM600 offers extensive relay configuration functions. For example, depending on the protection relay, the relay signals, application, graphical display and single-line diagram, and IEC 61850 communication, including horizontal GOOSE communication, can be modified with PCM600.

When the Web HMI is used, the protection relay can be accessed either locally or remotely using a Web browser

(Internet Explorer). For security reasons, the Web HMI is disabled by default but it can be enabled via the local HMI. The Web HMI functionality can be limited to read-only access.

The relay connectivity package is a collection of software and specific relay information, which enables system products and tools to connect and interact with the protection relay. The connectivity packages reduce the risk of errors in system integration, minimizing device configuration and setup times. Further, the connectivity packages for protection relays of this product series include a flexible update tool for adding one additional local HMI language to the protection relay. The update tool is activated using PCM600, and it enables multiple updates of the additional HMI language, thus offering flexible means for possible future language updates.

Table 115. Tools

Description	Version
PCM600	2.6 (Rollup 20150626) or later
	IE 8.0, IE 9.0, IE 10.0 or IE 11.0
REG615 Connectivity Package	5.1 or later

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Table 116. Supported functions

Function	Web HMI	PCM600
Relay parameter setting	•	•
Saving of relay parameter settings in the relay	•	•
Signal monitoring	•	•
Disturbance recorder handling	•	•
Alarm LED viewing	•	•
Access control management	•	•
Relay signal configuration (Signal Matrix)	-	•
Modbus® communication configuration (communication management)	-	•
DNP3 communication configuration (communication management)	-	•
IEC 60870-5-103 communication configuration (communication management)	-	•
Saving of relay parameter settings in the tool	-	•
Disturbance record analysis	-	•
XRIO parameter export/import	•	•
Graphical display configuration	-	•
Application configuration	-	•
IEC 61850 communication configuration, GOOSE (communication configuration)	-	•
Phasor diagram viewing	•	-
Event viewing	•	•
Saving of event data on the user's PC	•	•
Online monitoring	-	•

^{• =} Supported

26. Cyber security

The relay supports role based user authentication and authorization. It can store 2048 audit trail events to a non-volatile memory. The non-volatile memory is based on a memory type which does not need battery backup or regular component exchange to maintain the memory storage. FTP

and Web HMI use TLS encryption with a minimum of 128 bit key length protecting the data in transit. In this case the used communication protocols are FTPS and HTTPS. All rear communication ports and optional protocol services can be deactivated according to the required system setup.

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27. Terminal diagrams

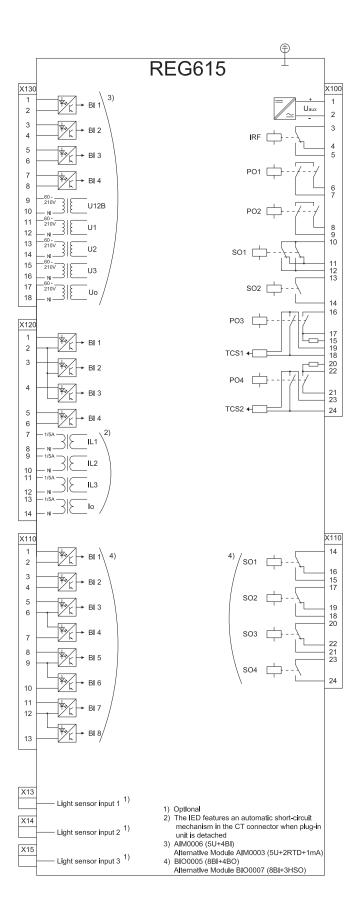


Figure 19. Terminal diagram of standard configuration A

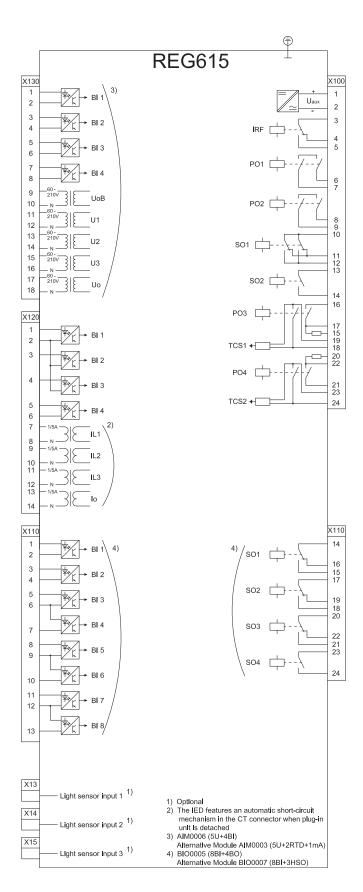


Figure 20. Terminal diagram of standard configuration C

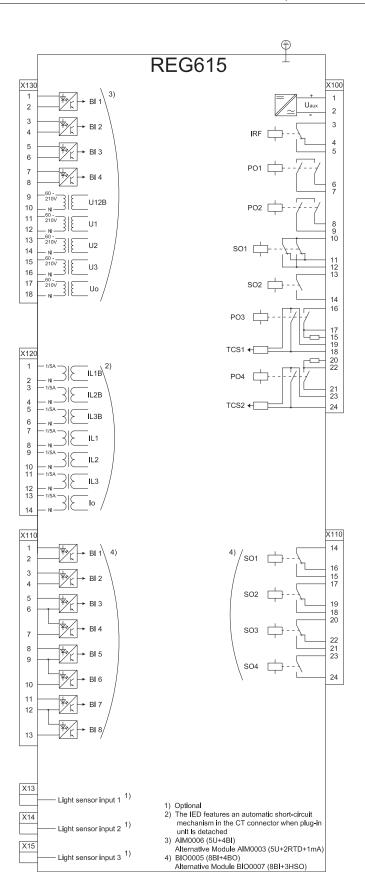


Figure 21. Terminal diagram of standard configuration D

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28. Certificates

DNV GL has issued an IEC 61850 Edition 2 Certificate Level A1 for Relion[®] 615 series. Certificate number: 7410570I-OPE/INC 15-1136.

DNV GL has issued an IEC 61850 Edition 1 Certificate Level A1 for Relion[®] 615 series. Certificate number: 74105701-OPE/INC 15-1145.

Additional certificates can be found on the product page.

29. References

The <u>www.abb.com/substationautomation</u> portal provides information on the entire range of distribution automation products and services.

The latest relevant information on the REG615 protection and control relay is found on the <u>product page</u>. Scroll down the page to find and download the related documentation.

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30. Functions, codes and symbols

Table 117. Functions included in the relay

Function	IEC 61850	IEC 60617	IEC-ANSI
Protection			
Three-phase non-directional overcurrent protection, low stage	PHLPTOC1	3l> (1)	51P-1 (1)
Three-phase non-directional overcurrent protection, high stage	PHHPTOC1	3l>> (1)	51P-2 (1)
Three-phase non-directional overcurrent protection, instantaneous stage	PHIPTOC1	3l>>> (1)	50P/51P (1)
Three-phase directional overcurrent protection, low	DPHLPDOC1	3l> -> (1)	67-1 (1)
stage	DPHLPDOC2	3l> -> (2)	67-1 (2)
Three-phase directional overcurrent protection, high stage	DPHHPDOC1	3l>> -> (1)	67-2 (1)
Three-phase voltage-dependent overcurrent protection	PHPVOC1	3I(U)> (1)	51V (1)
Non-directional earth-fault protection, high stage	EFHPTOC1	lo>> (1)	51N-2 (1)
Directional earth-fault protection, low stage	DEFLPDEF1	lo> -> (1)	67N-1 (1)
	DEFLPDEF2	lo> -> (2)	67N-1 (2)
Directional earth-fault protection, high stage	DEFHPDEF1	lo>> -> (1)	67N-2 (1)
Transient/intermittent earth-fault protection	INTRPTEF1	lo> -> IEF (1)	67NIEF (1)
Negative-sequence overcurrent protection	NSPTOC1	I2> (1)	46 (1)
	NSPTOC2	I2> (2)	46 (2)
Negative-sequence overcurrent protection for	MNSPTOC1	I2>M (1)	46M (1)
machines	MNSPTOC2	I2>M (2)	46M (2)
Residual overvoltage protection	ROVPTOV1	Uo> (1)	59G (1)
	ROVPTOV2	Uo> (2)	59G (2)
Three-phase undervoltage protection	PHPTUV1	3U< (1)	27 (1)
	PHPTUV2	3U< (2)	27 (2)
Three-phase overvoltage protection	PHPTOV1	3U> (1)	59 (1)
	PHPTOV2	3U> (2)	59 (2)
Positive-sequence undervoltage protection	PSPTUV1	U1< (1)	47U+ (1)
	PSPTUV2	U1< (2)	47U+ (2)
Negative-sequence overvoltage protection	NSPTOV1	U2> (1)	470- (1)
	NSPTOV2	U2> (2)	470- (2)
Frequency protection	FRPFRQ1	f>/f<,df/dt (1)	81 (1)
	FRPFRQ2	f>/f<,df/dt (2)	81 (2)
	FRPFRQ3	f>/f<,df/dt (3)	81 (3)
	FRPFRQ4	f>/f<,df/dt (4)	81 (4)
	FRPFRQ5	f>/f<,df/dt (5)	81 (5)
	FRPFRQ6	f>/f<,df/dt (6)	81 (6)

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Function	IEC 61850	IEC 60617	IEC-ANSI
Overexcitation protection	OEPVPH1	U/f> (1)	24 (1)
Three-phase thermal protection for feeders, cables and distribution transformers	T1PTTR1	3lth>F (1)	49F (1)
Three-phase thermal overload protection, two time constants	T2PTTR1	3lth>T/G/C (1)	49T/G/C (1)
Circuit breaker failure protection	CCBRBRF1	3I>/lo>BF (1)	51BF/51NBF (1)
Three-phase inrush detector	INRPHAR1	3l2f> (1)	68 (1)
Master trip	TRPPTRC1	Master Trip (1)	94/86 (1)
	TRPPTRC2	Master Trip (2)	94/86 (2)
	TRPPTRC3	Master Trip (3)	94/86 (3)
	TRPPTRC4	Master Trip (4)	94/86 (4)
	TRPPTRC5	Master Trip (5)	94/86 (5)
	TRPPTRC6	Master Trip (6)	94/86 (6)
Arc protection	ARCSARC1	ARC (1)	50L/50NL (1)
	ARCSARC2	ARC (2)	50L/50NL (2)
	ARCSARC3	ARC (3)	50L/50NL (3)
Multipurpose protection	MAPGAPC1	MAP (1)	MAP (1)
	MAPGAPC2	MAP (2)	MAP (2)
	MAPGAPC3	MAP (3)	MAP (3)
	MAPGAPC4	MAP (4)	MAP (4)
	MAPGAPC5	MAP (5)	MAP (5)
	MAPGAPC6	MAP (6)	MAP (6)
	MAPGAPC7	MAP (7)	MAP (7)
	MAPGAPC8	MAP (8)	MAP (8)
	MAPGAPC9	MAP (9)	MAP (9)
	MAPGAPC10	MAP (10)	MAP (10)
	MAPGAPC11	MAP (11)	MAP (11)
	MAPGAPC12	MAP (12)	MAP (12)
	MAPGAPC13	MAP (13)	MAP (13)
	MAPGAPC14	MAP (14)	MAP (14)
	MAPGAPC15	MAP (15)	MAP (15)
	MAPGAPC16	MAP (16)	MAP (16)
	MAPGAPC17	MAP (17)	MAP (17)
	MAPGAPC18	MAP (18)	MAP (18)
Stabilized and instantaneous differential protection for machines	MPDIF1	3dl>G/M (1)	87G/M (1)
Third harmonic-based stator earth-fault protection	H3EFPSEF1	dUo>/Uo3H (1)	27/59THD (1)
Underpower protection	DUPPDPR1	P< (1)	32U (1)
	DUPPDPR2	P< (2)	32U (2)

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Function	IEC 61850	IEC 60617	IEC-ANSI
Reverse power/directional overpower protection	DOPPDPR1	P>/Q> (1)	32R/32O (1)
	DOPPDPR2	P>/Q> (2)	32R/32O (2)
	DOPPDPR3	P>/Q> (3)	32R/32O (3)
Three-phase underexcitation protection	UEXPDIS1	X< (1)	40 (1)
Three-phase underimpedance protection	UZPDIS1	Z <g (1)<="" td=""><td>21G (1)</td></g>	21G (1)
Out-of-step protection	OOSRPSB1	OOS (1)	78 (1)
Interconnection functions			
Directional reactive power undervoltage protection	DQPTUV1	Q> ->,3U< (1)	32Q,27 (1)
Low-voltage ride-through protection	LVRTPTUV1	U <rt (1)<="" td=""><td>27RT (1)</td></rt>	27RT (1)
	LVRTPTUV2	U <rt (2)<="" td=""><td>27RT (2)</td></rt>	27RT (2)
	LVRTPTUV3	U <rt (3)<="" td=""><td>27RT (3)</td></rt>	27RT (3)
Voltage vector shift protection	VVSPPAM1	VS (1)	78V (1)
Power quality			t
Current total demand distortion	CMHAI1	PQM3I (1)	PQM3I (1)
Voltage total harmonic distortion	VMHAI1	PQM3U (1)	PQM3V (1)
Voltage variation	PHQVVR1	PQMU (1)	PQMV (1)
Voltage unbalance	VSQVUB1	PQUUB (1)	PQVUB (1)
Control			
Circuit-breaker control	CBXCBR1	I <-> O CB (1)	I <-> O CB (1)
Disconnector control	DCXSWI1	I <-> O DCC (1)	I <-> O DCC (1)
	DCXSWI2	I <-> O DCC (2)	I <-> O DCC (2)
Earthing switch control	ESXSWI1	I <-> O ESC (1)	I <-> O ESC (1)
Disconnector position indication	DCSXSWI1	I <-> O DC (1)	I <-> O DC (1)
	DCSXSWI2	I <-> O DC (2)	I <-> O DC (2)
	DCSXSWI3	I <-> O DC (3)	I <-> O DC (3)
Earthing switch indication	ESSXSWI1	I <-> O ES (1)	I <-> O ES (1)
	ESSXSWI2	I <-> O ES (2)	I <-> O ES (2)
Synchronism and energizing check	SECRSYN1	SYNC (1)	25 (1)
Condition monitoring and supervision			
Circuit-breaker condition monitoring	SSCBR1	CBCM (1)	CBCM (1)
Trip circuit supervision	TCSSCBR1	TCS (1)	TCM (1)
	TCSSCBR2	TCS (2)	TCM (2)
Current circuit supervision	CCSPVC1	MCS 3I (1)	MCS 3I (1)
Fuse failure supervision	SEQSPVC1	FUSEF (1)	60 (1)
Runtime counter for machines and devices	MDSOPT1	OPTS (1)	OPTM (1)
Measurement			b
Disturbance recorder	RDRE1	DR (1)	DFR (1)
Load profile record	LDPRLRC1	LOADPROF (1)	LOADPROF (1)

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Function	IEC 61850	IEC 60617	IEC-ANSI
Fault record	FLTRFRC1	FAULTREC (1)	FAULTREC (1)
Three-phase current measurement	CMMXU1	3I (1)	3l (1)
	CMMXU2	3I (2)	3I (2)
Sequence current measurement	CSMSQI1	l1, l2, l0 (1)	I1, I2, I0 (1)
Residual current measurement	RESCMMXU1	lo (1)	In (1)
Three-phase voltage measurement	VMMXU1	3U (1)	3V (1)
	VMMXU2	3U (2)	3V (2)
Residual voltage measurement	RESVMMXU1	Uo (1)	Vn (1)
	RESVMMXU2	Uo (2)	Vn (2)
Sequence voltage measurement	VSMSQI1	U1, U2, U0 (1)	V1, V2, V0 (1)
Three-phase power and energy measurement	PEMMXU1	P, E (1)	P, E (1)
RTD/mA measurement	XRGGIO130	X130 (RTD) (1)	X130 (RTD) (1)
Frequency measurement	FMMXU1	f (1)	f (1)
IEC 61850-9-2 LE sampled value sending	SMVSENDER	SMVSENDER	SMVSENDER
IEC 61850-9-2 LE sampled value receiving (voltage sharing)	SMVRCV	SMVRCV	SMVRCV
Other			
Minimum pulse timer (2 pcs)	TPGAPC1	TP (1)	TP (1)
	TPGAPC2	TP (2)	TP (2)
	TPGAPC3	TP (3)	TP (3)
	TPGAPC4	TP (4)	TP (4)
Minimum pulse timer (2 pcs, second resolution)	TPSGAPC1	TPS (1)	TPS (1)
Minimum pulse timer (2 pcs, minute resolution)	TPMGAPC1	TPM (1)	TPM (1)
Pulse timer (8 pcs)	PTGAPC1	PT (1)	PT (1)
Pulse timer (8 pcs), instance 2	PTGAPC2	PT (2)	PT (2)
Time delay off (8 pcs)	TOFGAPC1	TOF (1)	TOF (1)
	TOFGAPC2	TOF (2)	TOF (2)
	TOFGAPC3	TOF (3)	TOF (3)
	TOFGAPC4	TOF (4)	TOF (4)
Time delay on (8 pcs)	TONGAPC1	TON (1)	TON (1)
	TONGAPC2	TON (2)	TON (2)
	TONGAPC3	TON (3)	TON (3)
	TONGAPC4	TON (4)	TON (4)
Set-reset (8 pcs)	SRGAPC1	SR (1)	SR (1)
	SRGAPC2	SR (2)	SR (2)
	SRGAPC3	SR (3)	SR (3)
	SRGAPC4	SR (4)	SR (4)

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Function	IEC 61850	IEC 60617	IEC-ANSI
Move (8 pcs)	MVGAPC1	MV (1)	MV (1)
	MVGAPC2	MV (2)	MV (2)
Generic control point (16 pcs)	SPCGAPC1	SPC (1)	SPC (1)
	SPCGAPC2	SPC (2)	SPC (2)
Analog value scaling	SCA4GAPC1	SCA4 (1)	SCA4 (1)
	SCA4GAPC2	SCA4 (2)	SCA4 (2)
	SCA4GAPC3	SCA4 (3)	SCA4 (3)
	SCA4GAPC4	SCA4 (4)	SCA4 (4)
Integer value move	MVI4GAPC1	MVI4 (1)	MVI4 (1)

31. Document revision history

Document revision/date	Product version	History
A/2016-05-20	5.0 FP1	First release

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